

SECTION 1: Identification

Product Name Mercuric Chloride, ACS Reagent

Product Code C1245500

Other Identifiers Mercury(II) Chloride

Recommended Uses

General Laboratory Reagent/Chemical.

Uses Advised Against

Not intended for drug, food or household use.

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SECTION 2: Hazard(s) Identification

Acute toxicity Oral (Category 1)

Acute toxicity Dermal (Category 1)

Acute toxicity Inhalation (Category 2)

Serious eye damage/eye irritation (Category 1)

Skin corrosion/irritation (Category 1)

Germ cell mutagenicity (Category 2)

Reproductive toxicity (Category 2)

Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure (Category 1)

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term (Category Acute 1)

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term (Category Chronic 1)

Hazards not otherwise classified or covered by GHS

None identified.

Signal Word

DANGER

Hazard Statements

Fatal if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled. Causes severe skin burns and serious eye damage. Suspected of causing genetic defects. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements

Obtain, read and follow all safety instructions before use. Do not breathe mist, vapors or spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Wash areas of contact/exposure thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves and clothing and eye protection. Wear respiratory protection. IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Get emergency medical help immediately. IF ON SKIN: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Immediately rinse with water for several minutes. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Get emergency medical help immediately. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get emergency medical help immediately rinse with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do - continue rinsing. Get medical help. IF exposed or concerned, get medical advice. Get medical help if you feel unwell. Collect spillage. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, state, federal and international regulations.









SECTION 3: Composition / Information on Ingredients

Component Name	Component Number CAS	Component Number EC	Component Weight %
Mercury (II) Chloride	7487-94-7	231-299-8	100



SECTION 4: First-Aid Measures

General Advice Show this SDS to attending physician if medical treatment is needed.

Skin Contact Immediately flush affected area with plenty of water while removing contaminated clothing . Seek medical attention if you

are concerned or feel unwell.

Eye Contact Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do - continue rinsing.

Seek immediate medical attention.

Inhalation 1. Move victims to fresh air. Emergency personnel should avoid self-exposure to mercury salts. 2. Evaluate vital signs

including pulse and respiratory rate and note any trauma. If no pulse is detected, provide CPR. If not breathing, provide artificial respiration. If breathing is labored, administer oxygen or other respiratory support. 3. Obtain authorization and/or further instructions from the local hospital for administration of an antidote or performance of other invasive procedures.

4. RUSH to a health care facility.

Ingestion 1. Evaluate vital signs including pulse and respiratory rate, and note any trauma. If no pulse is detected, provide CPR. If not

breathing, provide artificial respiration. If breathing is labored, administer oxygen or other respiratory support. 2. Obtain authorization and/or further instructions from the local hospital for administration of an antidote or performance of other invasive procedures. 3. Give the victims water or milk: children up to 1 year old, 125 mL (4 oz or 1/2 cup); children 1 to 12 years old, 200 mL (6 oz or 3/4 cup); adults, 250 mL (8 oz or 1 cup). Water or milk should be given only if victims are

conscious and alert. 4. RUSH to a health care facility.

Symptoms/effects Increased salivation, foul breath, inflammation and ulceration of the mucous membranes, abdominal pain, and bloody

diarrhea. Dermal exposure may result in dermatitis (red, inflamed skin) and burns. Oliguria (scanty urination), anuria (suppression of urine formation), and acute renal failure may be noted. Weak pulse, seizures, psychic disturbances,

circulatory collapse, chest pain, and dyspnea (shortness of breath) may be observed.

Treatment For ingestion: Activated charcoal may be administered if victims are conscious and alert. Use 15 to 30 g (1/2 to 1 oz) for

children, 50 to 100 g (1-3/4 to 3-1/2 oz) for adults, with 125 to 250 mL (1/2 to 1 cup) of water. Promote excretion by administering a saline cathartic or sorbitol to conscious and alert victims. Children require 15 to 30 g (1/2 to 1 oz) of

cathartic; 50 to 100 g (1-3/4 to 3-1/2 oz) is recommended for adults.

SECTION 5: Fire-Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media Substance is not flammable, use agent most appropriate to extinguish surrounding fire (water, carbon dioxide, dry

chemical, sand/earth, foam).

Specific Hazards Thermal decomposition may produce toxic or irritating fumes.

Actions for Firefighters Wear full protective clothing and NIOSH-approved self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece operated in the

pressure demand or other positive pressure mode.

SECTION 6: Accidental Release Measures

Precautions and Procedures Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Evacuate unprotected personnel to safe

areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

Environmental PrecautionsTake all precautions to avoid release to the environment.

Containment and Clean Up Avoid dust formation. Wear respiratory protection, gloves, eye protection and protective clothing. Sweep up or vacuum

up spillage and collect in suitable lidded container for disposal.

Section 7: Handling and Storage

Handling Follow good hygiene procedures when handling chemical materials. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not

eat, drink, smoke or use personal items when handling this substance. Wear respiratory protection, gloves, protective

clothing and eye protection when handling this substance.

Storage Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place. Protect from freezing and physical damage. Store

separately from incompatible materials. Store locked up.

Section 8: Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Engineering Controls As part of safe chemical handling, emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in handling

areas. Provide sufficient ventilation measures to keep the airborne concentration below the applicable workplace

exposure limits.

 Exposure Limits
 Mercury (inorganic compound as Hg)
 PEL-Ceiling
 0.1 mg/m³
 US-OSHA

 Exposure Limits
 Mercury (inorganic compound as Hg)
 REL-TWA
 0.05 mg/m³
 US-NIOSH

 Exposure Limits
 Mercury (inorganic compound as Hg)
 TLV-TWA
 0.025 mg/m³
 US-ACGIH

Exposure Limits Mercury REL-Ceiling 0.1 mg/m³ US-NIOSH

Eye Protection Wear safety glasses with side shields or safety goggles. Wear face shield if there is risk of splashes.

Skin Protection Wear chemical resistant gloves and protective clothing.

Respiratory Protection Wear respiratory protection.



Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State Solid

Appearance/Color Colorless/white

Odor Odorless

Odor ThresholdNot applicable.Melting/Freezing Point276 - 277 °C

Boiling Point/Range 302°C

Flammability Not flammable

Flammable/Explosive Limits Not applicable

Flash Point Not applicable

Auto-Ignition Temperature Not applicable

Auto-Ignition Temperature Not applicable

Decomposition Temperature Data not available

pH 3.2 - 4.7 (0.2M aqueous)

 Viscosity
 Not applicable.

 Solubility (in water)
 69 g/L at 20°C

 Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)
 0.1 - 0.22

Relative Density 5.44

Vapor Pressure Not applicable

Vapor Density 9.8

Evaporation Rate Not applicable.

Particle Characteristics Data not available

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity Mixture with sodium or potassium produces strong explosion on impact.

Chemical Stability Stable under normal conditions of handling and storage.

Hazardous Reactions Based on available data, no reaction hazards have been identified that would occur during normal handling and storage.

Conditions to Avoid Avoid contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible Materials Sodium, potassium, formates, sulfites, hypophosphites, phosphates, sulfides, albumin, gelatin, alkalis, alkaloid salts,

ammonia, lime water, antimony, arsenic, bromides, borax, carbonates, reduced iron, iron, copper, lead and silver salts,

infusions of cinchona, oak bark or senna, tannic acids and vegetable astringents.

Hazardous Decomposition Thermal decomposition can produce mercury oxides, chlorine.

Section 11: Toxicological Information



Acute Toxicity - Oral LD50 (rat) 1 mg/kg

Acute Toxicity - Dermal LD50 (rat) 41 mg/kg

Acute Toxicity - Inhalation The toxicological data is limited or unavailable.

Skin Corrosion/Irritation Fatal in contact with skin. Causes severe skin damage.

Eye Damage/Irritation This material can cause serious eye damage.

Respiratory Sensitization Not expected to cause respiratory sensitization.

Skin Sensitization Not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity Based on available data, this substance is suspected of causing germ cell mutagenicity.

Carcinogenicity This material has not been identified as a carcinogen by IARC or NTP.

Reproductive Toxicity Studies indicate that this material is suspected of causing damage to fertility or the unborn child.

STOT Single Exposure None known.

STOT Repeated Exposure The substance may have effects on the kidneys, central nervous system and peripheral nervous system. This may result

in ataxia, sensory and memory disturbances, tremors, muscle weakness and kidney impairment.

Aspiration Hazard This substance is not considered to be an aspiration hazard.

Other Information No additional information available.



Section 12: Ecological Information

Toxicity Values Empirical data is limited.

Persistence/Biodegradability The methods for determining biological degradability do not apply to inorganic substances.

Bioaccumlation Potential Mercury is known to bioaccumulate.

Mobility in Soil Data is not available for this substance that does not meet the criteria of ecotoxin.

Other Adverse Effects Mercury has been linked to endocrine disruption.

Section 13: Disposal Considerations

Discharge, treatment, or disposal may be subject to national, state, regional or local laws. Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Since emptied containers retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Dispose in accordance with national, state, regional and local regulations.

Section 14: Transport Information

UN Number UN1624

Proper Shipping Name, Hazard Class MERCURIC CHLORIDE, 6.1

Packing Group

Marine Pollutant Classified as a severe marine pollutant.

Section 15: Regulatory Information

USA TSCA On or in compliance with the inventory.

USA SARA 302/304 Mercuric chloride (EHS), TPQ 227 kg (500 lbs), RQ 500 lbs

USA SARA 311/312 Mercuric chloride (EHS)
USA SARA 313 (TRI) Mercuric chloride (EHS)
Canada DSL/NDSL On or in compliance with DSL.

California Proposition 65 This product contains a chemical on the list.

Section 16: Other Information

Acronyms ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (USA)

ATE Acute Toxicity Estimate (calculated toxicity value)

BCF Bioconcentration Factor

CERCLA Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (USA)

DOT Department of Transportation (USA)
DSL Domestic Substances List (Canada)
EHS Extremely Hazardous Substance

EPA Environmental Protection Agency (United States)

GHS Globally Harmonized System

IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer
IDLH Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health
NTP National Toxicology Program (USA)

OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration (USA)

PEL Permissible Exposure Limit
PNOR Particulates Not Otherwise Classified
PPE Personal Protective Equipment

ppb Parts per billion
ppm Parts per million
RQ Reportable Quantity

SARA Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (USA)

TLV Threshold Limit Value
TPQ Threshold Planning Quantity
TRI Toxic Release Inventory (USA)
TSCA Toxic Substances Control Act (USA)

TWA Time Weighted Average

UN United Nations



Revision Date 03/14/23 Issue Date: 3/14/2023

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