# Material Safety Data Sheet

Phenylacetaldehyde (50% wt in isopropyl alcohol)

#### ACC# 70996

## Section 1 - Chemical Product and Company Identification

MSDS Name: Phenylacetaldehyde (50% wt in isopropyl alcohol)

Catalog Numbers: AC417310000, AC417312500

Synonyms: None.
Company Identification:
 Acros Organics N.V.
 One Reagent Lane
 Fair Lawn, NJ 07410

For information in North America, call: 800-ACROS-01 For emergencies in the US, call CHEMTREC: 800-424-9300

## Section 2 - Composition, Information on Ingredients

CAS#	Chemical Name	Percent	EINECS/ELINCS
67-63-0	Isopropyl alcohol	50.0	200-661-7
122-78-1	Phenylacetaldehyde	50.0	204-574-5

# Section 3 - Hazards Identification

#### **EMERGENCY OVERVIEW**

Appearance: clear yellow to green liquid. Flash Point: 12 deg C.

**Warning!** Harmful if absorbed through the skin. **Flammable liquid and vapor.** May be harmful if swallowed. May cause eye and skin irritation. May cause respiratory and digestive tract irritation. May cause central nervous system depression.

Target Organs: Central nervous system.

#### **Potential Health Effects**

Eye: May cause eye irritation. May cause chemical conjunctivitis and corneal damage.

Skin: Harmful if absorbed through the skin. May cause irritation and dermatitis. May cause cyanosis of the extremities.

**Ingestion:** May cause gastrointestinal irritation with nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. May be harmful if swallowed. Ingestion of large amounts may cause CNS depression.

Inhalation: May cause respiratory tract irritation. Aspiration may lead to pulmonary edema. Vapors may cause dizziness or suffocation.

 $\label{eq:may_cause} \mbox{May cause burning sensation in the chest.}$ 

Chronic: No information found.

## Section 4 - First Aid Measures

**Eyes:** Flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical aid immediately.

**Skin:** Get medical aid. Flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse.

**Ingestion:** If victim is conscious and alert, give 2-4 cupfuls of milk or water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical aid immediately.

**Inhalation:** Remove from exposure and move to fresh air immediately. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical aid.

Notes to Physician: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

## Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

**General Information:** As in any fire, wear a self-contained breathing apparatus in pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent), and full protective gear. Vapors may form an explosive mixture with air. Vapors can travel to a source of ignition and flash back. During a fire, irritating and highly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion. Will burn if involved in a fire. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Containers may explode in the heat of a fire. Flammable liquid and vapor. Vapors may be heavier than air. They can spread along the ground and collect in low or confined areas. May polymerize explosively when involved in a fire. May be ignited by heat, sparks, and flame.

**Extinguishing Media:** For small fires, use dry chemical, carbon dioxide, water spray or alcohol-resistant foam. For large fires, use water spray, fog, or alcohol-resistant foam. Use water spray to cool fire-exposed containers. Water may be ineffective. Do NOT use straight streams of water. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out.

Flash Point: 12 deg C ( 53.60 deg F) Autoignition Temperature: Not available. Explosion Limits, Lower: Not available.

Upper: Not available.

NFPA Rating: (estimated) Health: ; Flammability: ; Instability:

## Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

General Information: Use proper personal protective equipment as indicated in Section 8.

**Spills/Leaks:** Absorb spill with inert material (e.g. vermiculite, sand or earth), then place in suitable container. Avoid runoff into storm sewers and ditches which lead to waterways. Clean up spills immediately, observing precautions in the Protective Equipment section. Remove all sources of ignition. Use a spark-proof tool. Provide ventilation. A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors. Water spray may reduce vapor but may not prevent ignition in closed spaces.

## Section 7 - Handling and Storage

**Handling:** Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Ground and bond containers when transferring material. Use spark-proof tools and explosion proof equipment. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Use with adequate ventilation. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose empty containers to heat, sparks or open flames.

**Storage:** Keep away from heat, sparks, and flame. Keep away from sources of ignition. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible substances. Flammables-area. Keep containers tightly closed.

## Section 8 - Exposure Controls, Personal Protection

**Engineering Controls:** Use adequate general or local explosion-proof ventilation to keep airborne levels to acceptable levels.

**Exposure Limits** 

Chemical Name	ACGIH	NIOSH	OSHA - Final PELs
Isopropyl alcohol	200 ppm TWA; 400 ppm STEL	400 ppm TWA; 980 mg/m3 TWA 2000 ppm IDLH	400 ppm TWA; 980 mg/m3 TWA
Phenylacetaldehyde	none listed	none listed	none listed

**OSHA Vacated PELs:** Isopropyl alcohol: 400 ppm TWA; 980 mg/m3 TWA Phenylacetaldehyde: No OSHA Vacated PELs are listed for this chemical.

#### **Personal Protective Equipment**

**Eyes:** Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard EN166.

**Skin:** Wear appropriate protective gloves to prevent skin exposure.

**Clothing:** Wear appropriate protective clothing to prevent skin exposure.

**Respirators:** Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

# Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State: Liquid

Appearance: clear yellow to green

**Odor:** hyacinth-like **pH:** Not available.

Vapor Pressure: Not available.

Vapor Density: 4.14

**Evaporation Rate:**Not available. **Viscosity:** Not available.

Boiling Point: Not available.

Freezing/Melting Point:Not available.

Decomposition Temperature:Not available.

**Solubility:** Slightly soluble.

Specific Gravity/Density: 9390g/cm3

Molecular Formula:C8H8O Molecular Weight:120.15

## Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Chemical Stability: Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.

**Conditions to Avoid:** Incompatible materials, ignition sources, excess heat, strong oxidants. **Incompatibilities with Other Materials:** Strong oxidizing agents, strong acids, strong bases.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Carbon monoxide, irritating and toxic fumes and gases, carbon dioxide.

Hazardous Polymerization: May occur.

## Section 11 - Toxicological Information

RTECS#:

**CAS#** 67-63-0: NT8050000 **CAS#** 122-78-1: CY1420000

**LD50/LC50:** CAS# 67-63-0:

Draize test, rabbit, eye: 100 mg Severe; Draize test, rabbit, eye: 10 mg Moderate; Draize test, rabbit, eye: 100 mg/24H Moderate;

Draize test, rabbit, skin: 500 mg Mild; Inhalation, mouse: LC50 = 53000 mg/m3; Inhalation, rat: LC50 = 16000 ppm/8H; Inhalation, rat: LC50 = 72600 mg/m3; Oral, mouse: LD50 = 3600 mg/kg; Oral, mouse: LD50 = 3600 mg/kg; Oral, rabbit: LD50 = 6410 mg/kg; Oral, rat: LD50 = 5045 mg/kg; Oral, rat: LD50 = 5000 mg/kg; Skin, rabbit: LD50 = 12800CAS# 122-78-1: Inhalation, mouse: LC50 = 2 gm/m3; Oral, mouse: LD50 = 3890 mg/kg; Oral, rat: LD50 = 1550 mg/kg;

**Carcinogenicity:** 

CAS# 67-63-0: Not listed by ACGIH, IARC, NTP, or CA Prop 65. CAS# 122-78-1: Not listed by ACGIH, IARC, NTP, or CA Prop 65.

Epidemiology: No information found Teratogenicity: No information found

Skin, rabbit: LD50 = >5 gm/kg;

**Reproductive Effects:** TDLo (Oral, rat) = 5040 mg/kgTDLo(Oral, rat) = 8 qm/kg **Mutagenicity:** Cytogenetic analysis(Inhalation, rat = 1030 ug/m3/16W (Intermittent).

Neurotoxicity: No information found

Other Studies:

## Section 12 - Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity: No data available. Cas# 67-63-0:LC50 (96Hr.) Fathead Minnow = 94900-10400 mg/L; Flow-through conditionLC50 (96 Hr.) Fathead Minnow = 61200-65500 mg/L; Flow-through condition.

Environmental: Cas# 67-63-0: TERRESTRIAL FATE: When spilled on soil, isopropanol will both evaporate quickly and leach into the ground due to its high vapor pressure and low adsorption to soil. Degradation in soil and groundwater has not been determined. If soil degradation is not rapid, it is apt to leach into the groundwater. AQUATIC FATE: When released into water, isopropyl alcohol will volatilize (estimated half-life approximately 5.4 days) and may biodegrade. Although it is readily degradable in a number of laboratory tests, no data on its degradability in natural waters.

Physical: Cas# 67-63-0: ATMOSPHERIC FATE: When released into the atmosphere, isopropanol will photodegrade with an estimated half-life ranging from one to several days. Due to its solubility in water, rainout may be significant.

Other: No information available.

## Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. US EPA guidelines for the classification determination are listed in 40 CFR Parts 261.3. Additionally, waste generators must consult state and local hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

RCRA P-Series: None listed. RCRA U-Series: None listed.

## Section 14 - Transport Information

	US DOT	Canada TDG	
Shipping Name:	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS, N.O.S.	FLAMMABLE LIQUID NOS (PHENYLACETALDEHYDE)	
Hazard Class:	3	3	
UN Number:	UN1993	UN1993	
Packing Group:	II	II	

## Section 15 - Regulatory Information

## **US FEDERAL**

CAS# 67-63-0 is listed on the TSCA inventory. CAS# 122-78-1 is listed on the TSCA inventory.

**Health & Safety Reporting List** 

CAS# 67-63-0: Effective 12/15/86, Sunset 12/15/96

#### **Chemical Test Rules**

None of the chemicals in this product are under a Chemical Test Rule.

Section 12b None of the chemicals are listed under TSCA Section 12b.

## **TSCA Significant New Use Rule**

None of the chemicals in this material have a SNUR under TSCA.

#### **CERCLA Hazardous Substances and corresponding RQs**

None of the chemicals in this material have an RQ

## SARA Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances

None of the chemicals in this product have a TPQ.

**SARA Codes** 

CAS # 67-63-0: immediate, delayed, fire.

# Section 313

This material contains Isopropyl alcohol (CAS# 67-63-0, 50.0%), which is subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of SARA Title III and 40 CFR Part 373.

#### **Clean Air Act:**

This material does not contain any hazardous air pollutants.

This material does not contain any Class 1 Ozone depletors.

This material does not contain any Class 2 Ozone depletors.

#### **Clean Water Act:**

None of the chemicals in this product are listed as Hazardous Substances under the CWA.

None of the chemicals in this product are listed as Priority Pollutants under the CWA.

None of the chemicals in this product are listed as Toxic Pollutants under the CWA.

#### OSHA:

None of the chemicals in this product are considered highly hazardous by OSHA.

#### STATE

CAS# 67-63-0 can be found on the following state right to know lists: California, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Minnesota, Massachusetts.

CAS# 122-78-1 is not present on state lists from CA, PA, MN, MA, FL, or NJ.

#### California Prop 65

California No Significant Risk Level: None of the chemicals in this product are listed.

### European/International Regulations European Labeling in Accordance with EC Directives Hazard Symbols:

XN F

#### **Risk Phrases:**

R 11 Highly flammable.

R 22 Harmful if swallowed.

#### **Safety Phrases:**

S 16 Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

S 33 Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

S 7 Keep container tightly closed.

S 9 Keep container in a well-ventilated place.

S 50A Do not mix with acids.

## WGK (Water Danger/Protection)

CAS# 67-63-0: 1

CAS# 122-78-1: No information available.

### Canada - DSL/NDSL

CAS# 67-63-0 is listed on Canada's DSL List.

CAS# 122-78-1 is listed on Canada's DSL List.

#### Canada - WHMIS

This product has a WHMIS classification of B2, D2B.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all of the information required by those regulations.

#### **Canadian Ingredient Disclosure List**

CAS# 67-63-0 is listed on the Canadian Ingredient Disclosure List.

# Section 16 - Additional Information

**MSDS Creation Date:** 8/02/1999 **Revision #4 Date:** 10/03/2005

The information above is believed to be accurate and represents the best information currently available to us. However, we make no warranty of merchantability or any other warranty, express or implied, with respect to such information, and we assume no liability resulting from its use. Users should make their own investigations to determine the suitability of the information for their particular purposes. In no event shall Fisher be liable for any claims, losses, or damages of any third party or for lost profits or any special, indirect, incidental, consequential or exemplary damages, howsoever arising, even if Fisher has been advised of the possibility of such damages.