# Material Safety Data Sheet

Thioacetic Acid, 96% (GC)

ACC# 39916

# Section 1 - Chemical Product and Company Identification

MSDS Name: Thioacetic Acid, 96% (GC)

Catalog Numbers: AC420840000, AC420840050, AC420841000

Synonyms: Acetyl Mercaptan; Ethanethioic Acid.

Company Identification:

Acros Organics N.V.

One Reagent Lane
Fair Lawn, NJ 07410

For information in North America, call: 800-ACROS-01 For emergencies in the US, call CHEMTREC: 800-424-9300

# Section 2 - Composition, Information on Ingredients

CAS#	Chemical Name	Percent	EINECS/ELINCS
507-09-5	Thiolacetic acid	98.0	208-063-8

### Section 3 - Hazards Identification

#### **EMERGENCY OVERVIEW**

Appearance: pale-yellow liquid. Flash Point: 39.4 deg C.

**Danger!** Corrosive. Causes eye and skin burns. **Flammable liquid and vapor.** May cause severe respiratory tract irritation with possible burns. May cause severe digestive tract irritation with possible burns.

Target Organs: None.

#### **Potential Health Effects**

Eye: Causes eye burns. Contact with liquid or vapor causes severe burns and possible irreversible eye damage.

Skin: Causes skin burns.

**Ingestion:** May cause severe and permanent damage to the digestive tract. Causes gastrointestinal tract burns. Causes severe pain, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, and shock. Mercaptans may cause nausea and headache. Exposure to high concentrations of mercaptans can produce unconsciousness with cyanosis (bluish discoloration of skin due to deficient oxygenation of the blood), cold extremities and rapid pulse.

**Inhalation:** May cause severe irritation of the respiratory tract with sore throat, coughing, shortness of breath and delayed lung edema. Causes chemical burns to the respiratory tract. Vapors may cause dizziness or suffocation. Exposure to high concentrations of mercaptans can produce unconsciousness with cyanosis (bluish discoloration of skin due to deficient oxygenation of the blood), cold extremities and rapid pulse. Mercaptans may cause nausea and headache.

**Chronic:** Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause dermatitis. Repeated inhalation may cause chronic bronchitis. Repeated exposure may cause erosion of teeth.

# Section 4 - First Aid Measures

**Eyes:** Get medical aid immediately. Do NOT allow victim to rub eyes or keep eyes closed. Extensive irrigation with water is required (at least 30 minutes).

**Skin:** Get medical aid immediately. Immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Destroy contaminated shoes.

**Ingestion:** Do not induce vomiting. If victim is conscious and alert, give 2-4 cupfuls of milk or water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical aid immediately.

**Inhalation:** Get medical aid immediately. Remove from exposure and move to fresh air immediately. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Do NOT use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

**Notes to Physician:** Treat symptomatically and supportively.

# Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

**General Information:** As in any fire, wear a self-contained breathing apparatus in pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent), and full protective gear. Vapors may form an explosive mixture with air. During a fire, irritating and highly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Wear appropriate protective clothing to prevent contact with skin and eyes. Wear a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) to prevent contact with thermal decomposition products. Containers may explode in the heat of a fire. Flammable liquid and vapor. Vapors may be heavier than air. They can spread along the ground and collect in low or confined areas.

**Extinguishing Media:** For small fires, use dry chemical, carbon dioxide, water spray or alcohol-resistant foam. For large fires, use water spray, fog, or alcohol-resistant foam. Use water spray to cool fire-exposed containers. Water may be ineffective. Do NOT use straight streams of water.

Flash Point: 39.4 deg C ( 102.92 deg F)

Autoignition Temperature: 427 deg C (800.60 deg F)

**Explosion Limits, Lower:**5.4

Upper: 16

NFPA Rating: (estimated) Health: 1; Flammability: 3; Instability: 0

### Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

General Information: Use proper personal protective equipment as indicated in Section 8.

**Spills/Leaks:** Absorb spill with inert material (e.g. vermiculite, sand or earth), then place in suitable container. Use water spray to dilute spill to a non-flammable mixture. Avoid runoff into storm sewers and ditches which lead to waterways. Clean up spills immediately, observing precautions in the Protective Equipment section. Remove all sources of ignition. Use a spark-proof tool. Provide ventilation. A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors.

# Section 7 - Handling and Storage

**Handling:** Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Use with adequate ventilation. Ground and bond containers when transferring material. Use spark-proof tools and explosion proof equipment. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Do not get on skin or in eyes. Do not ingest or inhale. Discard contaminated shoes. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose empty containers to heat, sparks or open flames.

**Storage:** Keep away from heat, sparks, and flame. Keep away from sources of ignition. Keep container closed when not in use. Store in a tightly closed container. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible substances. Flammables-area. Do not store in metal containers.

# Section 8 - Exposure Controls, Personal Protection

**Engineering Controls:** Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower. Use adequate ventilation to keep airborne concentrations low.

#### **Exposure Limits**

Chemical Name	ACGIH	NIOSH	OSHA - Final PELs
Thiolacetic acid	none listed	none listed	none listed

OSHA Vacated PELs: Thiolacetic acid: No OSHA Vacated PELs are listed for this chemical.

#### **Personal Protective Equipment**

**Eyes:** Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard EN166.

**Skin:** Wear appropriate protective gloves to prevent skin exposure.

Clothing: Wear appropriate protective clothing to minimize contact with skin.

**Respirators:** A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA's 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements or European Standard EN 149 must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant respirator use.

### Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State: Liquid

Appearance: pale-yellow liquid

Odor: none reported **pH**: Not available.

Vapor Pressure: Not available.

Vapor Density: 2.6

Evaporation Rate: Not available. Viscosity: Not available. Boiling Point: 90 deg C

Freezing/Melting Point:<-17C Decomposition Temperature:Not available.

Solubility: Soluble in water.

Specific Gravity/Density:Not available.

Molecular Formula: CH3COSH Molecular Weight: 76.0874

# Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Chemical Stability: Stable at room temperature in closed containers under normal storage and handling conditions.

Conditions to Avoid: Incompatible materials, ignition sources, metals, excess heat, strong oxidants.

**Incompatibilities with Other Materials:** Strong oxidizing agents.

**Hazardous Decomposition Products:** Carbon monoxide, oxides of sulfur, carbon dioxide, hydrogen sulfide, sulfur oxides (SOx), including sulfur oxide and sulfur dioxide.

Hazardous Polymerization: Has not been reported.

### Section 11 - Toxicological Information

RTECS#:

CAS# 507-09-5: AJ5600000

LD50/LC50: Not available. Carcinogenicity:

CAS# 507-09-5: Not listed by ACGIH, IARC, NTP, or CA Prop 65.

**Epidemiology:** No information available. **Teratogenicity:** No information available. **Reproductive Effects:** No information available. **Mutagenicity:** No information available.

**Neurotoxicity:** No information available.

Other Studies:

## Section 12 - Ecological Information

No information available.

### Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. US EPA guidelines for the classification determination are listed in 40 CFR Parts 261.3. Additionally, waste generators must consult state and local hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

RCRA P-Series: None listed. RCRA U-Series: None listed.

# Section 14 - Transport Information

	US DOT	Canada TDG
Shipping Name:	THIOACETIC ACID	THIOACETIC ACID
Hazard Class:	3	3
UN Number:	UN2436	UN2436
Packing Group:	II	II

# Section 15 - Regulatory Information

### **US FEDERAL**

#### **TSCA**

CAS# 507-09-5 is listed on the TSCA inventory.

## **Health & Safety Reporting List**

None of the chemicals are on the Health & Safety Reporting List.

#### **Chemical Test Rules**

None of the chemicals in this product are under a Chemical Test Rule.

### Section 12b

None of the chemicals are listed under TSCA Section 12b.

### **TSCA Significant New Use Rule**

None of the chemicals in this material have a SNUR under TSCA.

#### **CERCLA Hazardous Substances and corresponding RQs**

None of the chemicals in this material have an RQ.

### SARA Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances

None of the chemicals in this product have a TPQ.

**Section 313** No chemicals are reportable under Section 313.

#### **Clean Air Act:**

This material does not contain any hazardous air pollutants.

This material does not contain any Class 1 Ozone depletors.

This material does not contain any Class 2 Ozone depletors.

#### **Clean Water Act:**

None of the chemicals in this product are listed as Hazardous Substances under the CWA.

None of the chemicals in this product are listed as Priority Pollutants under the CWA.

None of the chemicals in this product are listed as Toxic Pollutants under the CWA.

### OSHA:

None of the chemicals in this product are considered highly hazardous by OSHA.

### STATE

CAS# 507-09-5 can be found on the following state right to know lists: New Jersey.

# California Prop 65

California No Significant Risk Level: None of the chemicals in this product are listed.

### European/International Regulations European Labeling in Accordance with EC Directives

Hazard Symbols:

# Risk Phrases:

R 10 Flammable.

R 34 Causes burns.

## Safety Phrases:

- S 16 Keep away from sources of ignition No smoking.
- S 33 Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
- S 36/39 Wear suitable protective clothing and eye/face protection.

S 9 Keep container in a well-ventilated place.

# WGK (Water Danger/Protection) CAS# 507-09-5: 3

Canada - DSL/NDSL

CAS# 507-09-5 is listed on Canada's DSL List.

# Canada - WHMIS

not available.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all of the information required by those regulations.

**Canadian Ingredient Disclosure List** 

# Section 16 - Additional Information

MSDS Creation Date: 8/20/1998 **Revision #3 Date:** 10/03/2005

The information above is believed to be accurate and represents the best information currently available to us. However, we make no warranty of merchantability or any other warranty, express or implied, with respect to such information, and we assume no liability resulting from its use. Users should make their own investigations to determine the suitability of the information for their particular purposes. In no event shall Fisher be liable for any claims, losses, or damages of any third party or for lost profits or any special, indirect, incidental, consequential or exemplary damages, howsoever arising, even if Fisher has been advised of the possibility of such damages.