SINGLE-PHASE POWER QUALITY ANALYZER

8230 PowerPad[®] Jr.





User Manual

Statement of Compliance

Chauvin Arnoux[®], Inc. d.b.a. AEMC[®] Instruments certifies that this instrument has been calibrated using standards and instruments traceable to international standards.

We guarantee that at the time of shipping your instrument has met its published specifications.

An NIST traceable certificate may be requested at the time of purchase, or obtained by returning the instrument to our repair and calibration facility, for a nominal charge.

The recommended calibration interval for this instrument is 12 months and begins on the date of receipt by the customer. For recalibration, please use our calibration services. Refer to our repair and calibration section at **www.aemc.com**.

Catalog #:

Model #: 8230

Please fill in the appropriate date as indicated:

Date Received:

Date Calibration Due:



Chauvin Arnoux[®], Inc. d.b.a AEMC[®] Instruments **www.aemc.com**



READ CAREFULLY BEFORE USING FOR THE FIRST TIME

Your instrument is equipped with a NiMH battery. This technology offers several advantages:

- Long battery charge life for a limited volume and weight.
- Possibility of quickly recharging your battery.
- Significantly reduced memory effect: you can recharge your battery even if it is not fully discharged.
- Respect for the environment: no pollutant materials such as lead or cadmium, in compliance with the applicable regulations.

After prolonged storage, the battery may be completely discharged. If so, it must be completely recharged.

Your instrument may not function during part of this recharging operation.

Full recharging of a completely discharged battery may take several hours.

NOTE: In this case, at least 5 charge/discharge cycles will be necessary for your battery to recover 95% of its capacity.

To make the best possible use of your battery and extend its effective service life:

- Only use the charger supplied with your instrument. Use of another charger may be dangerous.
- Only charge your instrument at temperatures between 0° and 40°C.
- Comply with the conditions of use defined in the operating manual.
- Comply with the storage conditions specified in the operating manual.

NiMH technology allows a limited number of charge/discharge cycles depending significantly on:

- The conditions of use.
- The charging conditions.



Please refer to § 7 for correct replacement of the battery.



Do not dispose of the battery pack with other solid waste. Used batteries must be entrusted to a qualified recycling company or to a company specialized in processing hazardous materials.

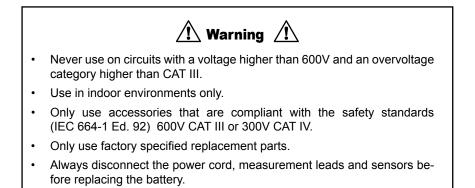
1.	INT	RODUCTION	5
	1.1	International Electrical Symbols	5
	1.2	Definition of Measurement Categories	6
	1.3	Receiving Your Shipment	6
	1.4	Ordering Information	6
		1.4.1 Accessories and Replacement Parts	7
2.	PRO	DUCT FEATURES	8
	2.1	Description	8
	2.2	Control Functions	9
	2.3	Display	11
	2.4	Power Supply	12
	2.5	Optical Interface	12
3.	SPE	CIFICATIONS	13
	3.1	Reference Conditions	13
	3.2	Electrical Specifications	13
		3.2.1 Voltage Inputs	
		3.2.2 Current Inputs	
		3.2.3 Accuracy Specifications (excluding current probes)	
		3.2.4 Accuracy Specifications of the Current Probes3.2.5 Current Probes and Sensors	
		3.2.6 Power Supply	
	3.4	Mechanical Specifications	
	3.5	Environmental Specifications	19
	3.6	Safety Specifications	19
4.	0PE	RATION	20
	4.1	Instrument Configuration (Set-up mode)	20
		4.1.1 Configuring a Current Probe	22
		4.1.2 Configuring a Recording	
		4.1.3 Configuring the Alarm Settings	24
5.	DISI	PLAY MODES	25
	5.1	Waveform Mode	25

		5.1.1	Minimum and Maximum Values	27
		5.1.2	Simultaneous Display	28
		5.1.3	Phase Rotation	29
	5.2	Power	/ Energy Mode	32
		5.2.1	Starting and Stopping Energy Totalization	32
	5.3	Harmor	nics Mode	34
		5.3.1	Voltage (V)	
		5.3.2	Current (A)	35
		5.3.3	Apparent Power (VA)	36
		5.3.4	Voltage Expert Mode	37
		5.3.5	Current Expert Mode	38
	5.4	Snapsh	not Mode	39
		5.4.1	Taking a Snapshot of a Display	
		5.4.2	Opening and Deleting a Previously Saved Snapshot	40
	5.5	Alarm N	Mode	41
		5.5.1	Programming and Starting Alarms	42
		5.5.2	Displaying the Alarms Log	42
		5.5.3	Deleting the Alarms Log	43
	5.6	Record	ing Mode	44
		5.6.1	Starting a Recording	
		5.6.2	Selecting a Recording	46
		5.6.3	Deleting a Recording	46
		5.6.4	Examples of Recordings	47
	5.7	Inrush I	Mode (starting current)	50
		5.7.1	Starting an Inrush Recording	50
		5.7.2	Viewing the Inrush Recording	52
6.	DAT	AVIEW®	SOFTWARE	53
	6.1	Installin	ng DataView [®]	53
	6.2	Connec	ting the Model 8230 to your Computer	56
	6.3		g the Control Panel	
		6.5.1	General Functions	
		6.5.2	Set-up Configuration	
		6.5.3	Instrument Display Configuration	
		6.5.4	Alarm Conditions Configuration	
		6.5.5	Recordings Configuration	
		6.7.6	Inrush Configuration	
		6.7.7	Monitoring	65
		6.7.8	Running the Test	66

	6.8	Real-ti	me Windows	66
		6.8.1	Waveform, Harmonic Bar and Harmonic Text	66
		6.8.2	Power/Energy	67
		6.8.3	Trend	68
	6.9	Downle	oading Data to Database	68
		6.9.1	Recordings	69
		6.9.2	Photographs	70
		6.9.3	Alarms	71
		6.9.4	Inrush	71
		6.9.5	Monitoring	
		6.9.6	Saving Real-time Measurements	74
7.	MAI	NTENA	NCE	
	7.1	Recha	rging the Battery	76
	7.2	Chang	ing the Battery	77
	7.3		ng	
API	PEND)IX A		
			ICAL FORMULAS	
			eriod Voltage and Current RMS Values	
			MAX Values for Voltage and Current	
			term Flicker (PST) of the Voltage	
			/oltage and Current	
			Factors for Current and Voltage	
			RMS Values for Voltage and Current	
		Harmo	nic Calculations	80
		Differe	nt Power Levels 1 Sec Single-Phase Connection	80
		Differe	nt Power Levels 1 Sec Balanced Three-Phase Conne	ection80
		K Fact	or	81
		Ratios		
			s Types of Energy	
		Hyster	esis	82
API	PEND	IX B		83
	GLO	SSARY	OF UNITS	83
Rep			ration	
			Iles Assistance	
			·	
Wa	rranty	Repairs	3	85

CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION



1.1 International Electrical Symbols

	This symbol signifies that the instrument is protected by double or reinforced insulation.
	This symbol on the instrument indicates a WARNING and that the operator must refer to the user manual for instructions before operating the instrument. In this manual, the symbol preceding instructions indicates that if the instructions are not followed, bodily injury, installation/sample and/or product damage may result.
\triangle	Risk of electric shock. The voltage at the parts marked with this symbol may be dangerous.
4	This symbol refers to a type A current sensor. This symbol signifies that application around and removal from HAZARDOUS LIVE conductors is permitted.
×	This symbol refers to a type B current sensor. Do not apply around or remove from HAZARDOUS LIVE conductors without additional protective means (de-energizing the circuit or wearing protective clothing suitable for high voltage work).
Ŕ	In conformity with WEEE 2002/96/EC

1.2 Definition of Measurement Categories

- **CAT I:** For measurements on circuits not directly connected to the AC supply wall outlet such as protected secondaries, signal level, and limited energy circuits.
- **CAT II:** For measurements performed on circuits directly connected to the electrical distribution system. Examples are measurements on household appliances or portable tools.
- **CAT III:** For measurements performed in the building installation at the distribution level such as on hardwired equipment in fixed installation and circuit breakers.
- **CAT IV:** For measurements performed at the primary electrical supply (<1000V) such as on primary overcurrent protection devices, ripple control units, or meters.

1.3 Receiving Your Shipment

Make sure that the contents shipped are consistent with the packing list. Notify your distributor of any missing items. If the equipment appears to be damaged, file a claim immediately with the carrier and notify your distributor at once, giving a detailed description of any damage. Save the damaged packing container to substantiate your claim.

Do not use equipment which is damaged or appears to be damaged.

1.4 Ordering Information

PowerPad[®] Jr. Model 8230Cat. #2130.81

Includes set of two 10 ft (3m) color-coded leads (red/black) with alligator clips, optical USB cable, US 110V power adapter, set of six 1.2V AA NiMH rechargeable batteries, DataView® software, carrying bag, product warranty card and user manual.

PowerPad® Jr. Model 8230 w/MN93-BKCat. #2130.82

Includes the PowerPad[®] Jr. Model 8230, one MN93 (240A) current probe (black connector), set of two 10 ft (3m) color-coded leads (red/black) with alligator clips, optical USB cable, US 110V power adapter, set of six 1.2V AA NiMH rechargeable batteries, DataView[®] software, carrying bag, product warranty card and user manual.

PowerPad® Jr. Model 8230 w/SR193-BK.....Cat. #2130.83

Includes the PowerPad[®] Jr. Model 8230, one SR193 (1200A) current probe (black connector), set of two 10 ft (3m) color-coded leads (red/black) with alligator clips, optical USB cable, US 110V power adapter, set of six 1.2V AA NiMH rechargeable batteries, DataView[®] software, carrying bag, product warranty card and user manual.

PowerPad® Jr. Model 8230 w/24" AmpFlex® 193-24-BK Cat. #2130.84

Includes the PowerPad[®] Jr. Model 8230, one 24" AmpFlex[®] 193-24 (6500A) sensor (black connector), set of two 10 ft (3m) color-coded leads (red/black) with alligator clips, optical USB cable, US 110V power adapter, set of six 1.2V AA NiMH rechargeable batteries, DataView[®] software, carrying bag, product warranty card and user manual.

PowerPad® Jr. Model 8230 w/MN193-BK......**Cat. #2130.87** Includes the PowerPad® Jr. Model 8230, one MN193 (6A/120A) current probe (black connector), set of two 10 ft (3m) color-coded leads (red/black) with alligator clips, optical USB cable, US 110V power adapter, set of six 1.2V AA NiMH rechargeable batteries, DataView[®] software, carrying bag, product warranty card and user manual.

1.4.1 Accessories and Replacement Parts

Adapter-110V outlet w/4mm Banana Plug	. Cat. #2118.49
Soft Carrying Pouch	. Cat. #2119.48
Small Classic Carrying Bag	.Cat. #2133.72
Optical USB Cable (RS-232 Connector)	.Cat. #2135.41
5A Adaptor Box (for 1 or 5A probes)	.Cat. #2140.17
AC Current Probe Model MR193 (1000AAC/1400ADC)	.Cat. #2140.28
AC Current Probe Model MN93-BK (240A)	.Cat. #2140.32
AC Current Probe Model SR193-BK (1200A)	.Cat. #2140.33
AmpFlex® Sensor 24" 193-24-BK (6500A)	.Cat. #2140.34
AmpFlex® Sensor 36" 193-36-BK (6500A)	.Cat. #2140.35
AC Current Probe Model MN193-BK (6A/120A)	.Cat. #2140.36
Set of two 10 ft color-coded leads with alligator clips	.Cat. #2140.31
Power Adapter 110V US	.Cat. #2140.37
220V Power Adapter	.Cat. #2140.38
MiniFlex® Sensor 10" Model MA193-10-BK	.Cat. #2140.48
Set of 6 Batteries - 1.2V NIMH Rechargeable	.Cat. #2960.37

Order Accessories and Replacement Parts Directly Online Check our Storefront at <u>www.aemc.com/store</u> for availability

CHAPTER 2

PRODUCT FEATURES

2.1 Description

The PowerPad[®] Jr. Model 8230 is a single-phase power quality analyzer that is easy-to-use, compact and shock-resistant. It is intended for technicians and engineers to measure and carry out diagnostic work and power quality work on single-or three-phase balanced low voltage networks.

Users are able to obtain instant waveforms of an electrical network's principal characteristics, and also monitor their variation over a period of time. The multi-tasking measurement system simultaneously handles all the measurement functions and waveform display of the various magnitudes, detection, continuous recordings and their display without any constraints.

Features:

- · Works on single-phase and three-phase systems with balanced loads
- Large easy-to-read color graphic display
- Records Volts, Amps, Watts, VARs, PowerFactor, THD, Frequency and more
- Measures and records True RMS AC volts up to 600VAC/DC
- Measures and records True RMS current up to 6500AAC
- · Measures and records DC volts, amps and power
- Captures and displays Inrush Current Waveforms
- Verifies and displays phase rotation
- Totaling of the energy generated and consumed starting from a time chosen by the operator.
- · Easy-to-use on-screen setup
- Captures and records short term flicker
- Captures and records harmonics out to the 50th
- · Captures up to 4096 alarm events from up to 10 different thresholds
- Displays and records up to 17 different power quality parameters
- Includes DataView[®] software FREE for data storage, real-time display, analysis and report generation
- The Max and Min RMS measurements are calculated every half-period

2.2 Control Functions

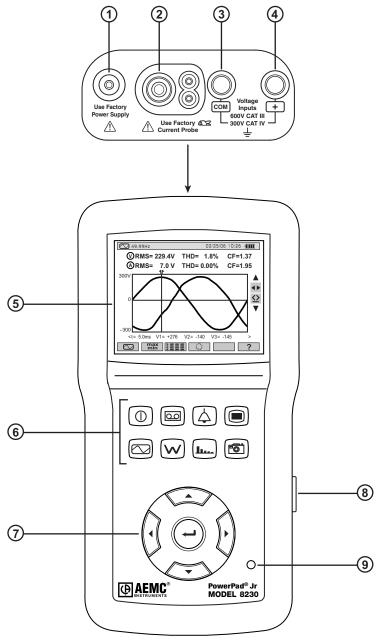


Figure 2-1

ITEM	FUNCTION						
1.	External power supply						
2.	Four-point input for current sensor (MN, SR, AmpFlex, etc.)						
3.	Negative terminal						
4.	Positive terminal						
5.	Color LCD display with graphic representation of system parameters and measure- ments						
6.	Function Buttons:						
	ON / OFF Button Turns the instrument ON after approx 5s press, turns OFF after second press.						
	Recording Button Configures, starts/stops, saves, displays and deletes recordings.						
	Alarm Button Displays, configures and deletes alarms						
	Configures the settings of the instrument.						
	Waveform Button Displays the voltage and current waveforms, minimum and maximum values, summary tables, and determines phase rotation.						
	Power / Energy Button Displays the measurements linked to power and energy.						
	Harmonics Button Displays curves linked to harmonics						
	Snapshot Button Takes a snapshot of the current screen or access screen stored in the memory. Records associated waveform and power measurement data.						
7.	Navigation Buttons:						
	Moves up one line in a menu or list of choices						
	Moves down one line in a menu or list of choices						
	Moves one character of field to the right in a menu, moves the graphic cursor, makes a selection or adjusts a cursor.						
	Moves one character of field to the left in a menu, moves the graphic cursor, makes a selection or adjusts a cursor.						
8.	Infrared optical interface for USB cable						
9.	Charging light						
-							

2.3 Display

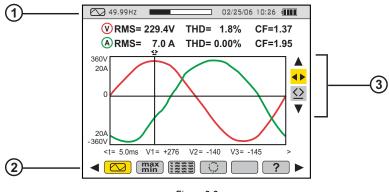


Figure 2-2

When the instrument is first turned ON, the Waveform screen is displayed:

ITEM	FUNCTION							
1.	Top display bar indicates:							
	 Symbol of the activated mode (e.g. , L, W, etc) 							
	Frequency of measured signal							
	•	Memory capacity status bar (only available in certain modes)						
	•	Current date and time						
	•	Battery charge status (see § 7 for recharging instructions)						
2.	Measurem	ent selection:						
		Display of the waveforms of the RMS and THD values and the peak factor with time displacement cursor.						
	max/min	Maximum and Minimum values						
		Simultaneous display of the various measurements in alphanumeric form						
	$\sqrt[1]{3}$	Phase order						
	?	Online help						
3.	Selection t	ools:						
	Use \blacktriangle and \blacktriangledown to select a tool.							
	◄► - Seled	ction of the sub-menu						
	ڬ - Insta	ntaneous measurement cursor management tool on a point of the curve						

2.4 Power Supply

When the unit is turned on, the battery icon at top right on the screen indicates the charge condition of the storage batteries. The number of bars inside the icon is proportional to the charge level.

ITEM	FUNCTION				
	Battery fully charged.				
	Battery discharged.				
	Moving bars: battery charging				
Ð~	No battery. The 8230 is supplied by external power unit.				

When the capacity of the battery is too low, the message "Battery too low. The instrument will be switched off soon" is displayed in the center of the screen. The instrument is switched off 1 minute after this message appears.

2.5 Optical Interface

The optical interface (Figure 2-1, item 8) provides an optical, and therefore isolated, two-way connection between the 8230 and a PC for transmission of the information in memory (alarms, snapshots, motor starts, records) and all instantaneous measurements and waveforms displayed on the screen of the 8230.

The transfer rate is determined automatically by the 8230 according to the software used; the maximum rate is 115.2 kbps.

CHAPTER 3

SPECIFICATIONS

3.1 Reference Conditions

Parameter	Reference Conditions		
Ambient temperature	73° ± 5°F (23° ± 3°C)		
Humidity	45 to 75%		
Atmospheric pressure	25.4" to 31.3" Hg (860 to 1060 hPa)		
Phase-to-earth voltage	50 to 600Vrms without DC (< 0.5%)		
Clamp current circuit input voltage	30mVrms to 1Vrms without DC (<0.5%)		
AmpFlex [®] current circuit input voltage	11.8 to 118mVrms without DC (<0.5%)		
Network frequency	50 and 60Hz \pm 0.1Hz		
Phase shift	0° active power / 90° reactive power		
Harmonics	<0.1%		
Balanced three-phase connection	3φ mode OFF		

*All specifications are subject to change without notice.

3.2 Electrical Specifications

3.2.1 Voltage Inputs

Operating Range: Phase-Phase - 0 to 660Vrms AC/DC* Phase-Neutral - 0 to 600Vrms AC/DC

*Provided that the max with 600Vrms in regards to earth is not exceeded.

Input Impedance: $451k\Omega$

Overload: 1.2Vn permanently; 2Vn for 1 sec (Vn = nominal voltage)

3.2.2 Current Inputs

Operating Range: 0 to 1V

Input Impedance: 1M Ω for current probe circuit and 12.4k Ω for AmpFlex[®] circuit

Overload: 1.7V

Sample Rate: 256 per cycle 6.4kHz (256 x 50 ÷ 2) at 50Hz; 7.68kHz (256 x 60 ÷ 2) at 60Hz

3.2.3 Accuracy Specifications (excluding current probes)

Function		Measurement range		Display	Accuracy	
		Minimum	Maximum	Resolution	Accuracy	
Frequency		40Hz	69Hz	0.01Hz	±(1ct)	
TRMS voltage		6V	600V ⁽⁶⁾	0.1V	±(0.5%+2cts)	
DC voltage		6V	600V	0.1V	±(1%+5cts)	
		Excluding AmpFlex®	Inom ÷ 1000	1.2 × Inom	0,1A I < 1000A	±(0.5%+2cts)
TRMS curre	nt	& MiniFlex®*	[A]	[A]	1A I≥1000A	±(0.5%+1ct)
		AmpFlex® & MiniFlex®*	10A	6500A	0.1A I < 1000A	±(0.5%+1A)
					I ≥ 1000A	
DC	; curi	rent	1A	1700A ⁽¹⁾	0.1A I < 1000A	±(1%+1A)
		Excluding			I ≥ 1000A	
Current Peal	k	AmpFlex [®] & MiniFlex ^{®*}	0A	1.7 × I _{nom} [A] ⁽²⁾	0,1A I < 1000A	±(1%+1A)
		AmpFlex® & MiniFlex®*		9190A ⁽³⁾	1A I≥1000A	
		Excluding AmpFlex®	I _{nom} ÷ 100	$1.2 \times I_{nom}$	0.1A I < 1000A	±(1%+5cts)
Half-period		& MiniFlex®*	[A]	[A]	1A I≥1000A	±(1%+1ct)
TRMS curren	(⁴⁾	AmpFlex® & MiniFlex®*	100A	6500A	0.1A I < 1000A 1A I ≥ 1000A	±(1.5%+4A)
Pea	k vol	Itage	6V	850V ⁽⁴⁾	0.1 V	±(1%+5cts)
Half-period	I TRN	AS Voltage ⁽⁵⁾	6V	600V	0.1V	±(0.8%+5cts)
0	est Fa		1	4	0.01	±(1%+2cts)
Ure	IST Fa	ictor	4	9.99	0.01	±(5%+2cts)
	Active Power Active Power Active Power		OW	9999kW	4 digits	$ \begin{array}{r} \pm (1\%) \\ \hline Cos \phi \ge 0.8 \\ \pm (1.5\% + 10 \text{cts}) \\ 0.2 \le Cos \phi < 0.8 \end{array} $
Active Power			OW	9999kW	4 digits	$ \begin{array}{r} \pm (1\%) \\ \hline Cos \phi \ge 0.8 \\ \pm (1.5\% + 10 \text{cts}) \\ 0.5 \le Cos \phi < 0.8 \end{array} $
Reactive	ł	Excluding AmpFlex® & MiniFlex®*	OVAR	9999kVAR	4 digits	$\begin{array}{c} \pm (1\%) \\ Sin \ \phi \geq 0.5 \\ \pm (1.5\% + 10 cts) \\ 0.2 \leq Sin \ \phi < 0.5 \end{array}$
Powers	Excluding AmpFlex® & MiniFlex®*		OVAR	9999kvar	4 digits	$\begin{array}{c} \pm (1.5\%) \\ Sin \ \phi \geq 0.5 \\ \pm (2.5\% + 20 cts) \\ 0.2 \leq Sin \ \phi < 0.5 \end{array}$
Apparent power		0	9999kVA	4 digits	±(1%)	
Power factor			-1	1	0.001	$\begin{array}{c} \pm (1.5\%) \\ \hline Cos \ \phi \geq 0.5 \\ \pm (1.5\% + 10 cts) \\ 0.2 \leq Cos \ \phi < 0.5 \end{array}$

Function		Measuren	nent range	Display	Accuracy
Fulicu			Maximum	resolution	Accuracy
	Excluding				±(1%)
	AmpFlex®	0Wh	9999MWh	4 digits	$\cos \phi \ge 0.8$
Active	& MiniFlex®*	••••		, algito	±(1.5%)
energy					$\frac{0.2 \le \cos \phi < 0.8}{\pm (1\%)}$
chicigy	AmpFlex®				$\cos \phi \ge 0.8$
	& MiniFlex®*	0Wh	9999MWh	4 digits	±(1,5%)
					$0.5 \le Cos \ \phi < 0.8$
	Excluding				±(1%)
	AmpFlex®	0VARh	9999MVARh	4 digits	$\frac{\text{Sin } \phi \ge 0.5}{\pm (1,5\%)}$
Reactive	& MiniFlex®*				$\pm (1,5\%)$ 0.2 $\leq \sin \phi < 0.5$
energies					±(1.5%)
, C	AmpFlex®	0VARh	9999MVARh	4 digits	$\sin \phi \ge 0.5$
	& MiniFlex®*	OVANI	3333WWAN1	4 uigits	±(2.5%)
					$0.2 \leq \operatorname{Sin} \phi < 0.5$
Apparent		0VAh -179°	9999MVAh	4 digits	±(1%)
Phase s	Phase shift		180°	1°	±(2°)
T		-32.76	32.76	0.001	
Tange				Tan φ < 10 0.01	±(1°) on φ
VA ≥ 00	$VA \ge 50VA$			Tan $\phi \ge 10$	
Displaceme	nt factor	-1	1	0.001	±(1°) on φ
(DPF	/	-1	- '	0.001	±(5cts) on DPF
Level of har order ∈ [
(VRMS >					
Without AmpFlex [®]		0%	999.9%	0.1%	±(1%+5cts)
(IRMS > 3 × In					_()
AmpFlo	ex®				
(IRMS > Ino					
Angles of ha					±(3°)
(VRMS >		-179°	180°	1°	order ∈ [1 ; 25]
	Without AmpFlex® or MiniFlex®* (IRMS > 3 × I ÷ 100)		100	1.	±(10°)
AmpFlex [®] (IRMS > Inom ÷ 10)					order \in [26 ; 50]
Global level of harmonics		0.97	000.0%	0.49/	(4.9) (5.1.)
(THD-F) order \leq 50		0%	999.9%	0.1%	±(1%+5cts)
Distortion factor (THD-R)		0%	999.9%	0.1%	±(1%+10cts)
order \leq 50					_(1,0110000)
K fact	or	1	99.99	0.01	±(5%)

*NOTE: MiniFlex® specified up to 1000A only

- (1) 1.2 x 1000 x √2 1700A
- (2) $1.2 \ge I_{nom} \ge \sqrt{2} = 1.7 \ge I_{nom}$
- (3) 6500 x √2 9190A
- (4) 600 x $\sqrt{2} = 850$ V

(5) Attention: The absolute value of the offset must not exceed 95% of the peak amplitude. In other words, $s(t) = S \times sin(\omega t) + 0$, so $|0| \le 0.95 \times S$ (S positive). The 'half-period' values are the MAX and MIN values of the waveforms mode and the VRMs and ARMs values used in the Alarm mode and the Inrush mode.

(6) For the phase-to-earth voltage measurement (phase-neutral). For the phase-to-phase voltage measurement (phase-phase), in balanced three-phase mode, it is possible to reach 660VRMs (balanced three-phase network having a phase-neutral voltage of 380 VRMs).

NOTE: The uncertainties given for power and energy measurements are maximum for $\cos \phi = 1$ or $\sin \phi = 1$ and are typical for the other phase shifts.

3.2.4 Accuracy Specifications of the Current Probes

These characteristics are stated after linearization. The errors of the sensors are compensated by a typical correction inside the instrument. This typical correction is in phase and in amplitude according to the type of sensor connected (detected automatically) and the gain of the current acquisition chain used.

The measurement error in RMS current and the phase error are additional errors (they must therefore be added to those of the instrument alone) stated as influences on the calculations performed by the analyzer (powers, energies, power factors, tangent, etc.).

Type of sensor	TRMS current	Maximum error on IRMS	Maximum error on ϕ	
	[1A; 10A]	. (1 E0(. 1 A)	N.S.	
	[10A; 100A]	±(1.5%+1A)	±(2°)	
MR193 1000A	[100A; 800A]	±(3%)		
	[800A; 1200A]	. (E0())	±(1.5°)	
	[1200A; 1400A]*	±(5%)		
	[1A; 3A]	. (0.99/)	N.S.	
SR193	[3A; 10A]	±(0.8%)	±(1°)	
1000A	[10A; 100A]	±(0.3%)	±(0.5°)	
	[100A; 1200A]	±(0.2%)	±(0.3°)	
AmpFlex®	[10A; 100A]	±(3%)	±(1°)	
3000A	[100A; 6500A]	±(2%)	±(0.5°)	
MiniFlex®	[10A; 100A]	±(3%)	±(1°)	
1000A	[100A; 1000A]	±(2%)	±(0.5°)	
	[0,5A; 2A]	. (00/ . 1 A)	N.S.	
MN93	[2A; 10A]	±(3%+1A)	±(6°)	
200A	[10A; 100A]	±(2.5%+1A)	±(3°)	
	[100A; 240A]	±(1%+1A)	±(2°)	
	[100mA; 300mA]	· (0.70(· 0mA)	N.S.	
MN193 100A	[300mA; 1A]	±(0.7%+2mA)	±(1.5°)	
100/1	[1A; 120A]	±(0.7%)	±(0.7°)	
	[5mA; 50mA]	±(1%+0.1mA)	±(1.7°)	
MN193 5A	[50mA; 500mA]	±(1%)	. (19)	
	[500mA; 6A]	±(0.7%)	±(1°)	
5A	[5mA; 50mA]	±(1%)	±(1°)	
Adapter	[50mA; 6A]	±(0.5%)	±(0°)	

*DC Only

3.2.5 Current Probes and Sensors

When installing probes, face the arrow on the probe in the direction of the load.

Model SR193	
Nominal Range	1000Aac for f ≤1kHz
Measurement Range	1A to 1200Aac max (I >1000A not continuously)
Probe Output Signal	1mVAC/Aac
Maximum Clamping Diameter	2" (52mm)
Safety	EN 61010-2-032, Pollution Degree 2, 600V CAT IV, 1000V CAT III

NOTE: Currents <0.5A will be displayed as zero. Neutral current measures down to OA.

	Model MN93
Nominal Range	200AAC for $f \leq 1 \text{kHz}$
Measurement Range	2A to 240AAC max (I >200A not permanent)
Probe Output Signal	5mVAC/AAC
Maximum Clamping Diameter	0.8" (20mm)
Safety	EN 61010-2-032, Pollution Degree 2, 300V CAT IV, 600V CAT III

NOTE: Currents <0.5A will be displayed as zero. Neutral current measures down to OA.

	Model MR193
Nominal Range	1000AAC, 1400ADC max
Measurement Range	10A to 1000AAC, 10A to 1300APEAK AC+DC
Probe Output Signal	1mV/A
Maximum Clamping Diameter	One 1.6" (42mm) or two 0.98" (25.4mm) or two bus bars 1.96 x 0.19" (50 x 5mm)
Safety	EN 61010-2-032, Pollution Degree 2, 300V CAT IV, 600V CAT III

NOTE: Currents <1AAC/DC will be displayed as zero. Neutral current measures down to OA.

	Model MN193
Nominal Range	5A and 100AAC
Measurement Range	5A: 0.005A to 6AAC max (1A to 1200A with ratio 1000/5 selected) 100A: 0.1A to 120AAC max
Probe Output Signal	5A: 200mV/AAC; 100A: 10mV/AAC
Maximum Clamping Diameter	0.8" (20mm)
Safety	EN 61010-2-032, Pollution Degree 2, 300V CAT IV, 600V CAT III

The 5A range of the MN193 is designed to work with secondary current transformers. Best accuracy is available when entering the transformer ratio (e.g. 1000/5A). When used to measure 5A direct, the resolution will be limited to 0.1A max.

NOTE: Currents < (Primary x 5) \div (Secondary x 1000) or <250mA on the 5A range and <0.2A on the 100A range will be displayed as zero with this probe. Power calculations will also be zeroed when the current is zeroed when the current is zeroed.

AmpFlex [®] Sensors		
Nominal Range	3000AAC	
Measurement Range	10A to 6500AAC	
Probe Output Signal*	140mVAC/3000AAC at 60Hz	
Sensor	Length = 24" (610mm); \emptyset = 7.64" (190mm) Length = 36" (910mm); \emptyset = 11.46" (290mm)	
Safety	EN 61010-2-032, Pollution Degree 2, 600V CAT IV, 1000V CAT III	

*Output is proportional to the amplitude and frequency of the measured current.

NOTE: Currents <10A will be displayed as zero. Neutral current measures down to 0A.

MiniFlex [®] Sensors	
Nominal Range	1000AAC
Measurement Range	10A to 1000AAC
Probe Output Signal*	47µVAC/1000AAC at 60Hz
Sensor	Length = 10" (250mm); Ø = 2.75" (70mm)
Safety	EN 61010-2-032, Pollution Degree 2, 600V CAT IV, 1000V CAT III

3.2.6 Power Supply

AC Power (internal power supply)

Operating Range: 120V ± 10% @ 60Hz ; 230V ± 10% @ 50Hz (model dependent) **Max Power:** 23.7VA

Power Source (allows use in the event of an interruption)

Type: 6 NiMH rechargeable battery pack (IEC LR6 - NEDA 15A) >1800mAh Rated Voltage: 7.2V Charging Current: 0.6 to 0.8A Charge Time: 4 hrs (NiMH) Battery Life: >8 hrs with display on ≥40 hrs with display off (recording mode) At least 300 charging/discharging cycles



NOTE: The battery starts to charge when the power cord is connected. When the battery is charged, the instrument uses the current supplied by the power supply, without drawing from the battery.

3.4 Mechanical Specifications

Dimensions: 8.3 x 4.3 x 2.4" (211 x 108 x 60mm)

Weight: 1.94 lbs (880g)

Shock and Vibration: per EN 61010-1

Tightness: IP 54 per EN 60529 (electrical IP2X for the terminals)

3.5 Environmental Specifications

Operating Temperature: 32° to 122°F (0° to 50°C)

Storage Temperature (<30 days): -4° to +122°F (-20 to +50°C) with batteries

Recharging Temperature: 50° to 104°F (10° to 40°C)

Altitude: Operating: 0 to 2000 meters (6560 ft) Non-Operating: 0 to 10,000 meters (32800 ft) Operating Relative Humidity: 10 to 85%

3.6 Safety Specifications

Electrical Safety

```
🗆 CΕ
```

600V CAT III, Pollution Degree 2 EN 61010-31: 2002 EN 61010-1: 2001 EN 61010-2: 1995

Electromagnetic Compatibility

Immunity: EN 61236-1 A2 Emission: EN 61236-1 A2 Electrostatic discharges: IEC 1000-4-2 Radiation field resistance: IEC 1000-4-3 Fast transients resistance: IEC 1000-4-4 Electric shock resistance: IEC 1000-4-5 Conducted RF interference: IEC 1000-4-6 Interruption of Voltage: IEC 1000-4-11

CHAPTER 4

OPERATION

NOTE: Charge the instrument fully before use.

Press the ON/OFF ① button to turn the unit ON. The startup screen appears indicating the instrument's software version and serial number.

If there is no AC power supply, the instrument operates on batteries. The instrument's batteries are charged when it is connected to a 120/240; 60/50Hz line.

4.1 Instrument Configuration (Set-up mode)

NOTE: All configurations are available through the DataView[®] software.

NOTE: The instrument must be configured the first time it is used and then whenever necessary, should your needs change. The configuration is saved when the instrument is turned OFF.

Press the configuration 🗩 button to configure the instrument.

	02/25/06	
(]	DATE / TIME	
Ō	CONTRAST / BRIGHTNESS	
	COLORS	
X=	CALCULATION METHOD	
3 ¢	ELECTRICAL HOOKUP	
	CURRENT SENSORS	
00	RECORDING	
\bigtriangleup	ALARMS	
	CLEAR MEMORY	
0	ABOUT	
 ✓ FR 	EN DE ES IT PO	

Figure 4-1

- Set the display language by using the ◄ and ► buttons.
- The parameter that is ready to be configured will be highlighted in yellow. To move to a different parameter, use the ▲ and ▼ buttons.

- Press the Enter O button to select a parameter.
- Use the ◀ and ► buttons to change a value or setting.
- When finished, return to the Configuration menu by pressing the 🔳 button.

PARAMETER	FUNCTION	
Date / Time	Sets the date and time format	
Contrast / Brightness	Adjusts the contrast and brightness of the display	
Colors	Defines the color of the voltage and current curves	
Calculation Method	Determines if harmonics are used or not used in calculations of reactive quantities (power and energy)	
Electrical Hookup	Determines the type of connection to the network:	
	Single-phase: measurement of phase-to-earth voltage associated with the phase-to-earth current of a phase.	
	 Balanced three-phase: measurement of the complementary phase-to-phase voltage of the phase of which the phase-to-earth current is measured. The connection is used to calculate: The total powers and energies of a balanced three-phase network (W, Wh, VAR, VARh, VA and VAh). The quantities common to the three phases (phase shift of the phase-to-earth voltage with respect to the phase-to-earth current, PF, DPF and tangent). 	
Current Sensors	Defines the type of current sensor to connect MN93: 200A MN193: 100A or 5A SR193: 1000A AmpFlex [®] Sensors: 3000A MiniFlex [®] Sensors: 1000A MR193: 1000A 5A three-phase adapter (one phase only)	
Recording	Selects the parameters of a recording (see § 4.1.2)	
Alarms	Defines the parameters of an alarm (see § 4.1.3)	
Clear Memory	Deletes all data (configurations, alarm settings, snapshots and recordings). The configuration will return to the default setting.	
About	Displays the serial number, software and hardware version.	

4.1.1 Configuring a Current Probe

Press the configuration button and select CURRENT SENSORS.

	02/25/06 10:26
	S
1000/5	:02/17/06 11:27

Figure 4-2

The type of probe that is currently connected will appear automatically on the display.

 The Adapter Box and MN193 Clamp require a transformation ratio selection. Press the Enter button to configure the primary current (1A to 2999A) / secondary current (1 or 5A) transformation ratio. Use the ◄► buttons to select the fields and the ▲▼ buttons to select the values. Validate the selections by pressing the Enter button.

4.1.2 Configuring a Recording

Press the configuration 🗩 button and select RECORDING.

			02/25/06 10:26	
CO RECOR	DING]
Set-up		CONFIG	1	
♦ Vrms	♦ Vthd	♦Vcf	♦ VPST	
♦ Arms	♦ Athd	♦Acf	♦ Akf	
♦W	\diamond VAR	♦VA	♦ PF	
◇ DPF	♦ Tan	♦Hz		
♦ VAh	<u>00</u> —>	07	♦ Odd only	
♦ Ah	<u>00</u> —>	<u>08</u>	 Odd only 	

Figure 4-3

- Four recording set-ups are available. Choose recording CONFIG 1, 2, 3, or 4 by pressing enter, then use the ▲ button to select the desired configuration number. Press enter again to validate the selection.
- Next, move through the choices with the ◀ and ► buttons and select the desired parameters with the ▲ and ▼ buttons. As you move through the parameters, each choice, in turn, will be highlighted.
- To activate the highlighted parameter for recording, press the Enter ⁽⁾ button. The selected parameters will have a filled in ♦ and those not selected will have an unfilled ◊.
- There are two user-defined parameters at the bottom of the window. At first, they will be listed as a question mark "?". These parameters allow you to monitor specific, or a range, of voltage, current or power harmonics.

To activate the user-defined parameters:

- Select the parameter with the ◀ ► buttons, press the Enter button and choose a value (VAh, Ah or Vh). Press Enter again to validate.
- Once the desired parameter is selected, use the ► button to select the desired harmonic order. A value from 00 to 50 may be selected for this field using the ▲ and ▼ buttons.
- After selecting the desired harmonic order for the beginning value, press the ► button to move to the upper value. Use the same process to select the upper limit.
- Press the ► button again to move to the right to modify the last value needed to complete the definition. Here you will choose whether to include all harmonics or only the odd harmonics.

Example of a user defined choice: Vh 02 \rightarrow 15 \blacklozenge 0dd 0nly

In this user defined condition, all odd voltage harmonics between the 2nd and the 15th will be recorded.

• Press the enter button when you have finished selecting all the parameters to be recorded to apply the new setup.

\wedge	WARNING: The battery may fully discharge when recording for long periods
/•\	of time if not connected to a power supply. The PowerPad® Jr. will continue to
	record for some time, even if below the minimum battery charge value. However,
	the display may not come back on, and will eventually stop saving data when the
	battery is too low. All data recorded will be saved.

If in the Record Mode, and the display does not come ON, do not turn the instrument OFF. Supply power to the PowerPad[®] Jr. with the line cord and the display will come back ON when any button (other than ON/OFF) is pressed.

4.1.3 Configuring the Alarm Settings

Press the configuration button and select ALARMS.

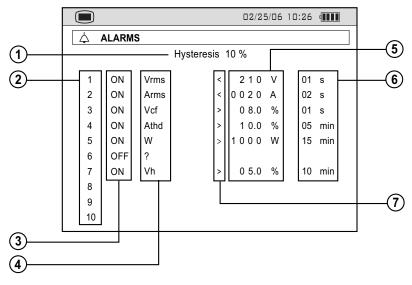


Figure 4-4

A programmed alarm must be set to "ON" to function properly (general activation or deactivation of alarms is generated in the alarm mode). Modifying one or several characteristics of an alarm set to "ON", automatically switches it to "OFF".

ITEM	FUNCTION
1.	Hysteresis Percentage (1, 2, 5 or 10%). A hysteresis value is set to prevent multiple recordings of an event that goes above the threshold and a certain percentage below it at times. Example: If the alarm threshold is 100V or higher, the hysteresis is 1%. When the voltage goes up to 100V, the alarm condition starts, when it goes back down to 99V, the alarm condition stops.
2.	Alarm number (1 to 10)
3.	Alarm activation (ON or OFF)
4.	The target of the alarm (Vrms, Arms, VPST, Vcf, Acf, Hz, Akf, Vthd, Athd, W, VAR, VA, DPF, PF, Tan, Vh, Ah or VAh)
5.	Threshold value for triggering an alarm
6.	Minimum duration from beginning threshold detection to store the alarm (from 0.01 seconds to 99 minutes)
7.	Less than "<" or greater than ">"

NOTE: When the alarm is "OFF", the parameters previously used are stored in memory and reappear if the alarm is selected again.

CHAPTER 5

DISPLAY MODES

The screen presentations in this section represent single phase setups for the purpose of explaining the various choices. Your actual screens will appear differently based upon your particular set up.

5.1 Waveform Mode

Press the waveform display mode button -

This button is used to display the current and voltage curves and the measured values and values calculated from the voltages and currents (except power, energy and harmonics).

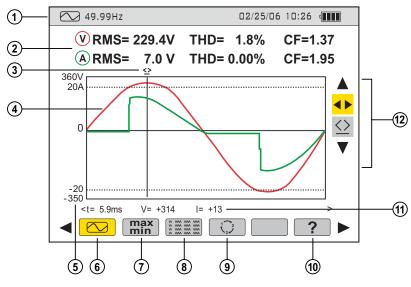


Figure 5-1

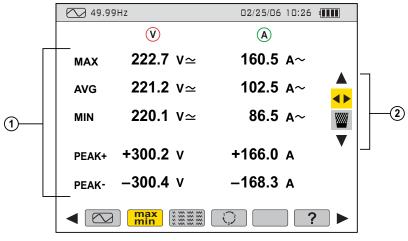
ITEM	FUNCTION
1.	Top display bar indicates:
	Symbol of the activated mode
	Frequency of measured signal
	 Memory capacity status bar (only available in certain modes) Current date and time
	 Battery charge status (see § 7.1 for recharging instructions)
2.	RMS: RMS AC values of the phase-to-earth voltage (600V max) or of the phase-to-phase voltage (660V max) and of the current (6500A max).
	THD: Total harmonic distortion level.
	CF: Peak factors.
3.	Instantaneous measurement cursor displayed by selection of the $$ tool. The values appear just below the curves. The cursor is moved using the \blacktriangleleft buttons.
4.	Display of waveforms (voltage and current).
5.	Axis of current and voltage values with automatic scaling.
6.	Display of the waveforms of the RMS and THD values and the peak factor with time displacement cursor.
7.	Maximum and Minimum values
8.	Simultaneous display of the various measurements in alphanumeric form
9.	Phase order
10.	Online help
11.	Instantaneous value of the signal at the intersection of the cursor and the curves. t: time since beginning of period.
	V: instantaneous value of the voltage.
	I: instantaneous value of the current.
12.	Selection tools:
	Use \blacktriangle and \blacktriangledown to select a tool.
	◄► - Selection of the sub-menu
	${igodot}$ - Instantaneous measurement cursor management tool on a point of the curve

NOTE: In the case of a balanced three-phase connection, a 3ϕ symbol is displayed in the top bar of the screen. The measurements displayed are then measurements of the phase-to-phase voltage and the phase-to-earth current.

Table of minimum scale values and minimum values displayed in the Waveforms mode.

Type current sensor	Minimum current displayed (A)	Minimum scale value in current (A)
AmpFlex [®] Sensors	9	60
MR193	1	10
SR193	0.5	10
MN93	0.5	2
MN193A 100A	0.2	1
MN193A 5A	(Primary x 5) / (Secondary x 1000)	(Primary x 5 x 10) / (Secondary x 1000)

5.1.1 Minimum and Maximum Values





This function displays the maximum, minimum, and mean values (RMS over halfperiod) of the voltage and current, and those of the positive and negative instantaneous peaks of the voltage and current.

ITEM	FUNCTION				
1.	Voltage and Current Values:				
	MAX: True half-period RMS value of the AC voltage measured upon power up of the instrument or since the last selection of the We tool. Calculation every half-period (e.g. every 10 ms for a 50Hz signal).				
	AVG: True RMS voltage of the signal calculated over one second.				
	MIN: True minimum half-period RMS value of the AC voltage measured upon pow- er up of the instrument or since the last selection of the work tool. Calculation every half-period (e.g. every 10 ms for a 50Hz signal).				
	PEAK+: Positive instantaneous peak value of the waveform.				
	PEAK-: Negative instantaneous peak value of the waveform.				
2.	Selection tools:				
	Use \blacktriangle and \blacktriangledown to select a tool.				
	◄► - Selection of the sub-menu				
	We - Resets Max and Min values. Press the Enter button to display the new values.				

NOTE: The MAX and MIN measurements are calculated every half period (e.g. every 10ms for a 50Hz signal). The AVG measurements are calculated every second. However, the MAX, AVG and MIN measurements are refreshed every 250ms.

5.1.2 Simultaneous Display

		lz			02/25/06	10:26		
		V			A			
Γ	RMS	221.8	V≃		86.1	A ~		
	DC	+0.1	V≃					
	THD	38	%		61.4	%		
	CF	1.35			2.31			(2)
	PST	0.27		KF	4.69			
L	 DF	3.7	%		52.2	%		
		max min	× *** *** ***					

Figure 5-3

ITEM	FUNCTION			
1.	Column of voltage-related values.			
	RMS: True RMS value calculated over 1 second.			
	DC: Offset (DC component).			
	THD: Level of total harmonic distortion (also called THD-F).			
	CF: Peak factor calculated on the waveform displayed.			
	PST: Short-term flicker (over 10 minutes).			
	DF: Distortion factor (also called THD-R).			
2.	Column of current-related values.			
	RMS: RMS value calculated over 1 second (the RMS value of the current is true - with DC component - only with a MR193 sensor).			
	THD: Level of total harmonic distortion (also called THD-F).			
	CF: Peak factor calculated on the waveform displayed.			
	DC: DC component of the current, with MR193 sensor only.			
	KF: K factor. Gives an indication of the sum of the current harmonics and can help			
	in choosing a transformer.			
	DF: Distortion factor (also called THD-R).			

NOTE: DC current will be displayed, however the values are only valid when a current probe capable of measuring DC is used. The MR193 probe is available for this purpose.

5.1.3 Phase Rotation

This display determines the phase order of a three-phase network in three steps.

The order of the phases can be determined in either:

- Single-phase
- Balanced three-phase connection mode.

STEP 1

- Connect the 2 voltage measurement cables to inputs Com and + of the PowerPad[®] Jr. and place the contact tips on the phases assumed to be L1 and L2.
- The following display will appear:

	02/25/06 10:26
PHASE ORDER	
Step 1	
Plug Phase 1 into COM Input Plug Phase 2 into + Input	
L1	
L2	
L3	Ü
(┵ to continue)	
	?►

Figure 5-4

• Press the Enter button. The screen will indicate that the measurement is in progress.

STEP 2

The following display will appear:

\sim	02/25/06 10:26
O PHASE ORDER	
Step 🛛 2	
Plug Phase 1 into COM Input Plug Phase 3 into + Input	
L1	
L2	
L3	
(🕶 to continue)	-
	?►
Figure 5-5	

- Place the red contact tip on the phase assumed to be L3. Do not press any other button.
- Wait for the result of the measurement.

STEP 3

•

• The display will indicate the order of the phases (reverse or forward sequence).

Reverse sequence:

The phase assumed to be L3 leads the phase assumed to be L2, which itself leads the phase assumed to be L1.

	02/25/06 10:26
O PHASE ORDER	
RESULT	
INDIRECT Phase Order	
$ \begin{array}{c} L3 \longrightarrow L2 \longrightarrow \\ 1 \end{array} $	► L1
(← to continue)	<mark>◯</mark>

Figure 5-6

Forward sequence:

The phase assumed to be L1 leads the phase assumed to be L2, which itself leads the phase assumed to be L3.

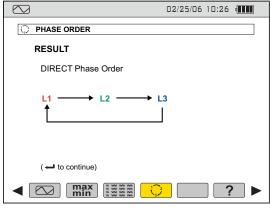


Figure 5-7

Error Messages

If the measurement is not possible, a warning message is displayed.

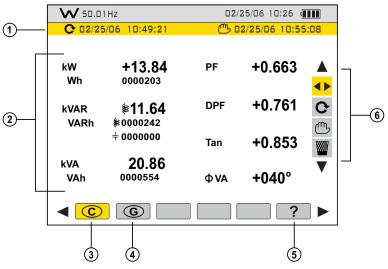
- Waiting time exceeded
- Frequency out of Range (40-70Hz) and Signal too Small (Vrms<10V)

5.2 Power / Energy Mode

Press the Power/Energy button - \mathbf{W}

This display shows the active power, reactive powers (capacitive or inductive), and the apparent power.

5.2.1 Starting and Stopping Energy Totalization





ITEM	FUNCT	ION
1.	Start a	nd stop date and time of energy totalization.
2.	W:	Active power
	Wh:	Active energy consumed
	VAR:	Reactive power:
		Inductive + - Capacitive
	VARh:	Reactive energy consumed ≢ - Inductive ÷ - Capacitive
	VA:	Apparent power
	VAh:	Apparent energy consumed
	PF:	Power factor (ratio of active power to apparent power)
	DPF:	Displacement factor (cosine of ϕ)
	Tan:	Tangent of angle $\boldsymbol{\phi}$
	Ф:	Phase shift of the phase-to-earth voltage with respect to the phase-to-earth current.

3.	Display of energies consumed.
4.	Display of energies generated.
5.	Online help.
6.	Selection tools:
	Use \blacktriangle and \blacktriangledown to select a tool.
	◄► - Selection of the sub-menu.
	C - Select this tool, then press enter to start energy totalization.
	 Select this tool, then press enter to stop energy totalization. (All eight energy meters are stopped)
_	 Select this tool, then press enter to reset the totalization. (All energy values are reset, including the energies generated)

NOTE: In the case of a balanced three-phase connection (selection in Configuration of Connection / Balanced three-phase), a 3ϕ symbol is displayed in the top bar of the screen. The energies and powers displayed are then the total energies and powers of the balanced three-phase network. The other measurements are unchanged.

Four Quadrant Power Diagram:

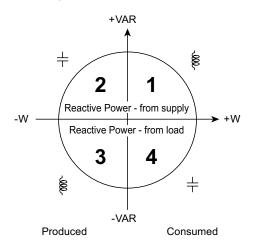
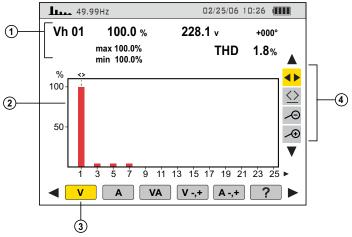


Figure 5-9

5.3 Harmonics Mode **III...**

5.3.1 Voltage (V)





ITEM	FUNCTION				
1.	This information concerns the harmonic located under the cursor.				
	Vh xx: Number of the harmonic.				
	%: Level of the harmonic with respect to the fundamental (order 1).				
	v: RMS voltage of the harmonic in question.				
	+000: Phase shift with respect to the fundamental (order 1).				
	Max/Min: Indicators of the maximum and minimum of the level of the harmonic in question (reset at each change of harmonic number).				
	THD: Total harmonic distortion (also called THD-F).				
2.	The horizontal axis indicates the orders of the harmonics.				
	Display of the levels of the harmonics as a percentage with respect to the fundamen- tal (order 1).				
	Order 0: DC component.				
	Order (1 to 25): order of the harmonics. As soon as the cursor goes past order 25, the range from 26 to 50 appears.				
	Note: The \blacktriangleright icon to the right of harmonic 25 indicates the presence of harmonics of order higher than 25.				
3.	Analysis of the voltage harmonics				
4.	Selection tools:				
	Use \blacktriangle and \blacktriangledown to select a tool.				
	✓► - Selection of the sub-menu				
	Zoom-Out tool. Each press on the Enter button increases the vertical scale.				
	✓ - Zoom-In tool. Each press on the Enter button decreases the vertical scale.				

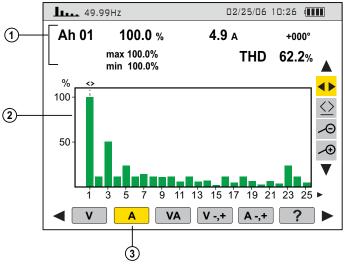


Figure 5-11

ITEM	FUNCTION	
1.	This information concerns the harmonic located under the cursor.	
	Ah xx:	Number of the harmonic.
	%:	Level of the harmonic with respect to the fundamental (order 1).
	v:	RMS current of the harmonic in question.
	+000:	Phase shift with respect to the fundamental (order 1).
	Max/Min	: Indicators of the maximum and minimum of the level of the harmonic in question (reset at each change of harmonic number).
	THD:	Total harmonic distortion (also called THD-F).
2.	The horiz	ontal axis indicates the orders of the harmonics.
	Display of the levels of the harmonics as a percentage with respect to the fundamental (order 1).	
	Order 0: [DC component.
		to 25): order of the harmonics. As soon as the cursor goes past order 25, the m 26 to 50 appears.
		e ► icon to the right of harmonic 25 indicates the presence of harmonics of her than 25.
3.	Analysis of	of the current harmonics.

5.3.3 Apparent Power (VA)

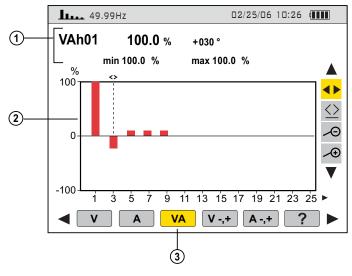


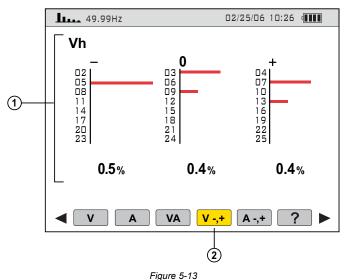
Figure 5-12

ITEM	FUNCTION	
1.	This information concerns the harmonic located under the cursor.	
	VAh xx:	Number of the harmonic.
	%:	Level of the harmonic with respect to the fundamental (order 1).
		Phase shift of the voltage harmonic with respect to the current harmonic for the order in question.
		Indicators of the maximum and minimum of the level of the harmonic in question (reset at each change of harmonic number).
2.	The horizontal axis indicates the orders of the harmonics. (the bars of the chart that are above the horizontal axis represent harmonic pow consumed, while those below it represent harmonic power generated).	
Display o tal (orde		he levels of the harmonics as a percentage with respect to the fundamen-).
	Order 0: DC	C component (with MR193 only)
		25): order of the harmonics. As soon as the cursor goes past order 25, the 26 to 50 appears.
	Note: The lorder highe	► icon to the right of harmonic 25 indicates the presence of harmonics of er than 25.
3.	Analysis of	the apparent power harmonics*

*Not available with a balanced three-phase connection.

5.3.4 Voltage Expert Mode

For a single-phase connection, this mode displays the Voltage expert mode.



ITEM	FUNCTION	
1.	This information concerns the following elements:	
	-: "negative" sequence.	
	0: "zero" sequence.	
	+: "positive" sequence.	
	%: Sums of the levels of "voltage" harmonics classified by sequence ("negative" to the left, "zero" in the centre, and "positive" to the right). See NOTE .	
2.	Sequences of voltage harmonics*	

*Not available with a balanced three-phase connection.

NOTE: the effects of the sequences are the following:

"Negative" sequence

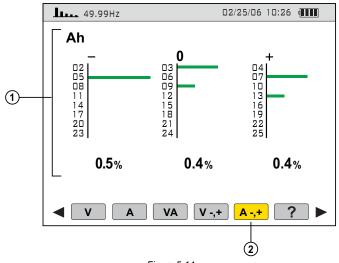
- Overheating of rotating machine.
- · Loss of torque.
- Mechanical oscillations.
- Higher current draw for a given load.
- Premature ageing of rotating machine.

"Zero" sequence

- Overheating of rotating machine.
- Higher current draw for a given load.
- Overload of the neutral.
- Premature ageing of rotating machine.

5.3.5 Current Expert Mode

For a single-phase connection, this mode displays the Current expert mode.





ITEM	FUNCTION	
1.	This information concerns the following elements:	
	-: "negative" sequence.	
	0: "zero" sequence.	
	+: "positive" sequence.	
	%: Sums of the levels of "voltage" harmonics classified by sequence ("negative" to the left, "zero" in the centre, and "positive" to the right). See NOTE .	
2.	Sequences of current harmonics*	

*Not available with a balanced three-phase connection.

NOTE: the effects of the sequences are the following:

"Negative" sequence

- Overheating of rotating machine.
- · Loss of torque.
- Mechanical oscillations.
- Higher current draw for a given load.
- Premature ageing of rotating machine.

"Zero" sequence

- Overheating of rotating machine.
- Higher current draw for a given load.
- Overload of the neutral.
- Premature ageing of rotating machine.

5.4 Snapshot Mode

This button allows 8 snapshots to be saved for future recall and evaluation.

From any active function, press the Snapshot 🔊 button to display a list of stored snapshots.

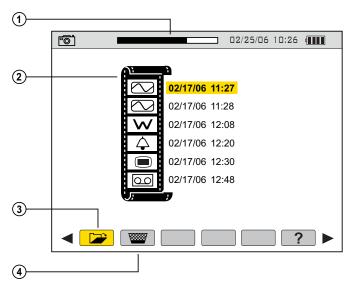


Figure 5-15

ITEM	FUNCTION	
1.	Available memory indicator. The black area of the status bar indicates amount of memory used.	
2.	List of saved snapshots:	
	Each icon indicates the type of screen stored (recording, alarm, waveforms, etc.) and the date and time of the snapshot.	
3.	Opens a saved snapshot.	
4.	Deletes a saved snapshot.	

5.4.1 Taking a Snapshot of a Display

- Press the 1 button (for approx 2s) to capture the current display.
- The icon is displayed in the top left corner as soon as the operation is successful. This icon is replaced by if there is no space left in the memory to record the display.

NOTE: These screens can be downloaded to a computer using the Data-View® software.

5.4.2 Opening and Deleting a Previously Saved Snapshot

A **short press** (about 1s) on the ¹ button gives access to the menu of snapshots that have been saved.

The small icon to the left of each snapshot (date and time) indicates the type of data stored.

To open a saved snapshot:

- Make sure the *i* function is selected.
- Select the snapshot to be displayed using the ◄ and ► buttons.
- Press the Enter button to display the snapshot.
- After reviewing the snapshot, press the Enter button again to return to the list of saved snapshots.

To delete a saved snapshot:

- Select the [™] function using the *◄* and *▶* buttons., then press the Enter button.
- Select the snapshot to be deleted.
- Press the Enter button to delete.

5.5 Alarm Mode \triangle

Press the alarm display mode button - \bigtriangleup

This mode detects crossings of the thresholds of the values (Vrms, Arms, VPST, Vcf, Acf, Hz, Akf, Vthd, Athd, W, VAR, VA, DPF, PF, Tan, Vh, Ah and VAh).

The stored alarms can then be transferred to a PC using the DataView software (see § 6).

NOTE: The threshold values must first be programmed in the Set-up node. Also, the alarm event or alarm capture, must end before an alarm will be displayed.

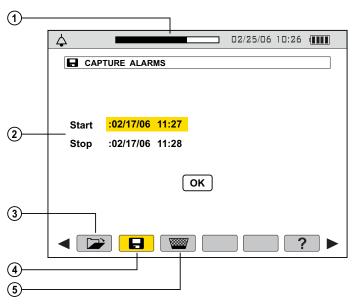


Figure 5-16

ITEM	FUNCTION	
1.	Available memory indicator. The black stripe represents the memory already in use the white stripe the memory still available.	
2.	Starting and ending times of an alarm.	
3.	Displays the alarms log.	
4.	Programs the recording of detected alarms.	
5.	Erases the alarms log.	

5.5.1 Programming and Starting Alarms

Select the \blacksquare icon with the \blacktriangleleft buttons.

To program the starting and stopping times:

- 1. With the Start field highlighted in yellow, press the Enter button to define the starting date and time of the alarms.
 - Use the ▲▼ buttons to increment or decrement a value and ◀► to move to the adjacent item.
 - Press the Enter button once the programming of the Start is completed.
- Select the Stop field using the ▼ button and press Enter to define the ending date and time of the alarms.
 - Use the ▲▼ buttons to increment or decrement a value and ◀► to move to the adjacent item.
 - Press the Enter button once the programming of the Stop is completed.
- 3. Press the ▼ button again to highlight OK in yellow, then press Enter.
- 4. The message *"Waiting to start search"* will display on the screen. At the starting time, the bottom of the screen displays *"Search in progress"*.
- 5. At the stop time, the OK button is displayed again highlighted in yellow.

NOTE: To stop the alarm recording before the stop time occurs, select the \bigcirc Hand tool by pressing the \checkmark button and then the Enter button.

5.5.2 Displaying the Alarms Log

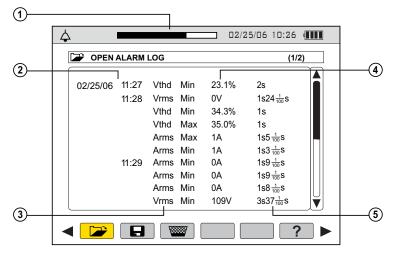


Figure 5-17

ITEM	FUNCTION	
1.	Available memory indicator. The black stripe represents the memory already in use, the white stripe the memory still available.	
2.	Date and time of the alarm.	
3.	Measurement parameter monitored.	
4.	Maximum or minimum amplitude detected (Values in W, VAR, PF, DPF and Tan φ are recorded in absolute value).	
5.	Alarm Duration	

To display the alarms log, select the \square icon with the \triangleleft button.

Use the $\blacktriangle \lor$ buttons to move through the alarms.

 \triangle

NOTE: All the alarms recorded can be downloaded to a PC with the DataView[®] software (see § 6). Up to 4096 alarms can be captured.

5.5.3 Deleting the Alarms Log

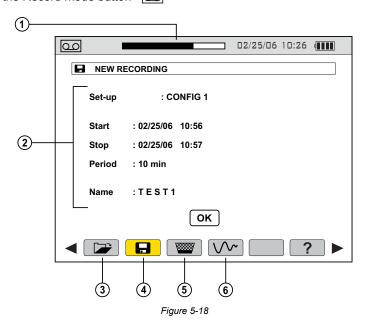
To erase the entire alarms log:

- 1. Select the $\overline{}$ icon using the \triangleleft buttons.
- Select Yes using the ▲ ▼ buttons, then press the Enter button. This will delete all logs.
- 3. To exit without deleting, press No and then the Enter button.

5.6 Recording Mode 💿

After a recording is set, the instrument will go into sleep mode (no display) to save the batteries. The recording will start as programmed. Press any button other than the ON/OFF button to turn ON the display again. Turning off the PowerPad[®] Jr. clears the schedule, even if turned on again, the recording will not start.

This mode enables all the parameters previously configured in the setup
mode to be recorded.



Press the Record mode button -

FUNCTION	
Representing the time already elapsed (black zone) with respect to the total time (white zone) of the recording in progress	
Sets the configuration for a new recording (see § 5.6.1)	
Displays a recording.	
Configures and starts a recording.	
Deletes a recording.	
Inrush mode (see § 5.7)	

5.6.1 Starting a Recording

Select the \blacksquare icon with the \blacktriangleleft buttons.

 Select the Configuration to be used by pressing the Enter button. Then use the ▲ ▼ buttons and press the Enter button to validate.



2. Select Start using ▼. Press Enter to define the starting date and time of the recording campaign.

Use the $\blacktriangle \lor$ buttons to increment or decrement a value and $\blacktriangleleft \triangleright$ to move to an adjacent item.

Press the Enter button once the programming of the Start is completed.

- 3. Set the Stop date the same way as the Start time in step 2.
- 4. Select the Period field using ▼. Press Enter to define the duration of integration of the records of the campaign.

Use the ▲▼ buttons to increment or decrement the possible values (1s, 5s, 20s, 1mn, 2mn, 5mn, 10mn, or 15mn). Press Enter to validate.

NOTE: The recording integration period is the time over which the measurements of each value recorded will be averaged.

5. Press ▼ again to highlight the Name zone in yellow and press Enter to enter the edit mode.

Enter the name of the record, for example TEST1. Several records may have the same name. Use the $\blacktriangle \lor$ buttons to display a character and $\blacktriangleleft \triangleright$ to move to an adjacent character.

Press Enter once the programming of the Name is complete.

6. Press ▼ to reach the OK zone. Press Enter to start the recording.

\triangle	NOTE: The PowerPad [®] Jr. will calculate the storage needs of the recording, and if necessary, will display the message <i>"Not enough memory"</i> .
	if necessary, will display the message "Not enough memory".

The message *"Waiting to record"* will display on the screen until the date and time matches the programmed date and time. The bottom of the screen then indicates *"Recording in progress"*.

NOTE: To stop the recording before the stop time occurs (with no possibility of resumption), select the [™] Hand tool by pressing the ▼ button and then the Enter button.

5.6.2 Selecting a Recording

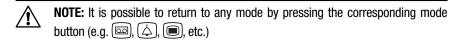
The status bar at the top displays the memory occupied by previous records.

To Select a Recording:

• Select the 🗁 icon with the ◄ button. The screen displays the various stored recordings.

NOTE: If the "@" symbol appears as the first letter of the recording name (e.g. @ EST), the data may be corrupted and should be checked carefully.

- Select the desired recording using the ▲ ▼ buttons, then press the Enter button.
- Next, select the measurement recording to be displayed using the ▲▼ buttons and then press the Enter button. The corresponding screen will display.
- Return to the previous screen by selecting the → icon with the
 button (the <> tool must be selected).



5.6.3 Deleting a Recording

To Delete a Recording:

- Select the [₩] icon with the *◄* buttons. The erase recording screen will display.
- Select the recording to be deleted, then press the Enter button.



NOTE: The deletion of the record may take a few seconds to complete.

5.6.4 Examples of Recordings

00 02/25/06 10:26 1 02/25/06 15:25:00 2 228.7 < **229.4 v** < 230.5 <> 240.0V ♦ <p (3) 230.0V 220.0V -min> 10 20 30 40 0 50 0 Vrms ? 5 < ⊩ (5) 4 Figure 5-19

ITEM	FUNCTION	
1.	Date and time corresponding to the position of the time cursor.	
2.	Minimum, mean, and maximum measurements recorded in the display integration period corresponding to the position of the cursor.	
	Note: for VRMS and ARMS only, the minimum and maximum values correspond to the RMS values for a half-period.	
	A long press on the \blacktriangleleft or \blacktriangleright button causes a shift to rapid motion if the \bigcirc tool is selected.	
3.	Time cursor - moves by using the \blacktriangleleft or \blacktriangleright button when the \bigcirc tool is selected.	
4.	Returns to the previous screen.	
5.	Type of measurement displayed.	

NOTE: The Current measurement display reveals the same information as above except in Current instead of Voltage.

VOLTAGE (Vrms)

Ŷ

ACTIVE POWER (W)

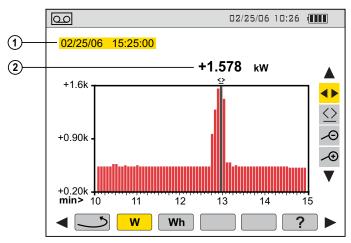


Figure 5-20

ITEM	FUNCTION	
1.	Date and time corresponding to the position of the time cursor.	
2.	Mean value in the active power display integration period corresponding to the position of the cursor. A long press on the ◀ or ► button causes a shift to rapid motion if the 🖄 tool is selected.	

ENERGY IN SPECIFIED DURATION (Wh)

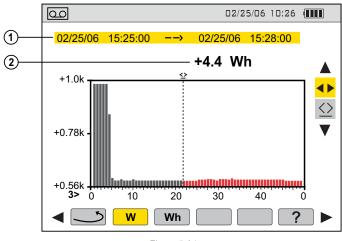


Figure 5-21

ITEM	FUNCTION	
1.	Starting and ending dates and times of the energy calculation.	
2.	Value of the energy from the starting date and time up to the cursor position (date and time of end of calculation).	
	A long press on the \blacktriangleleft or \blacktriangleright button causes a shift to rapid motion if the \bigcirc tool is selected.	

- With the ⁽ tool selected, set the starting date/time of the energy metering using the *◄* or *▶* buttons.
- With the
 tool selected, select the Wh icon. The screen displays the recording relevant to the energy measurement. The starting and ending dates are identical.
- Select the ^{\overline tool} again. The time cursor is now activated.
- Move the time cursor using the ◀ or ► buttons. The energy between the starting date and time and the time cursor (ending date and time) is displayed. In addition, the corresponding bars of the bar chart turn grey.

NOTE: All of the data in a recording session can be downloaded to a computer using the DataView® software.

The \checkmark and \checkmark tools allow the integration period of the displayed measurement and the graph time-scale to be changed.

Display Averaging Period	Graph Scale
2 hours	over 5 days
1 hour	over 2 1/2 days
15 minutes	over 15 hours
10 minutes	over 10 hours
5 minutes	over 5 hours
1 minute	over 1 hour
20 seconds	over 20 minutes
5 seconds	over 5 minutes
1 second	over 1 minute

5.7 Inrush Mode (starting current)

This mode is used to record the waveform of the current on 229,376 samples, at 256 samples per period (17.92s of recording for a 50Hz signal).

Recording is triggered automatically when the starting of a motor is detected. The beginning of the motor starting search can be triggered in delayed mode (starting date and time programmed by the user). The search can be stopped manually if desired.

Once the recording has been done, the PowerPad[®] Jr. displays the waveform of the current. The user can then move along the curve using a cursor and zoom in on features of interest.

The following information is available:

- Instantaneous value of the current at the time indicated by the cursor.
- Maximum instantaneous value of the current (over the entire start).
- RMS value of the half-period (or lobe) of the current on which the cursor is placed.
- Maximum half-period RMS value of the current (over the entire start).
- Starting time and duration of the starting of the motor.

WARNING: The voltage must be present before the motor is switched ON in order to have a stable and correct frequency synchronization.

5.7.1 Starting an Inrush Recording

- 1. Select the Inrush icon *W* from the recording display using the ► button.
- 2. Select the New Inrush line and press Enter.

00	02/25/06	10:26	
A			
Open last Inrush Image: New Inrush			
▼			

Figure 5-22

3. Define the measurement values, then press the Enter button.

00	C	2/25/06 10:26	5 (III)
V~ NEW INRUSH			
Hysteresis	: 0100Arms : 2%		
Start	: 02/25/06 15:20)	
	ОК		
◀ 🚬 日			?►

Figure 5-23

Use the $\blacktriangle \lor$ buttons to select a field, press Enter to enter the field, $\blacktriangle \lor$ to increment or decrement the value in the field, $\blacktriangleleft \lor$ to go from one selection to the other inside the field, and press Enter to exit from the edit mode.

- Start Threshold: defines the threshold beyond which recording will be affected. (*Note: the triggering and stopping thresholds are half-period RMS current values.*)
- **Hysteresis:** determines, with the triggering threshold, the stopping threshold of Inrush recording. With a hysteresis of 2% and a triggering threshold of 1000ARMS, the stopping threshold will be 980ARMS. (Note: when the stopping threshold is not detected, recording continues until the memory is full. The maximum value is 5999ARMS.)
- Start: defines the date and time in which the recording will be done.
- Select OK and press Enter to validate. The message *"Waiting for triggering threshold"* will display at the bottom of the screen.
 When the triggering threshold is reached, the current measurements Inrush will be recorded. Recording will stop when the stopping threshold is reached.

NOTE: To stop the recording at any time, select the Hand tool (m) by pressing the \checkmark button and then the Enter button.

5.7.2 Viewing the Inrush Recording

- 1. From the main Inrush mode display, select Open last Inrush and press Enter. This will display the Open Inrush screen.
- 2. Press Enter one more time and the waveform of the recording is displayed.

If the stopping threshold is not detected, the message "Stopping threshold not detected" will be displayed.



NOTE: Use the Zoom tools \checkmark \checkmark at any time to zoom in or out of part of the waveform.

CHAPTER 6

DATAVIEW® SOFTWARE

6.1 Installing DataView®



DO NOT CONNECT THE INSTRUMENT TO THE COMPUTER BEFORE INSTALL-ING DATAVIEW.

Minimum Computer Requirements:

- Windows XP / Windows Vista & Windows 7 (32/64 bit)
- 256MB of RAM for Windows XP
 1GB of RAM for Windows Vista & Windows 7 (32 bit)
 2GB or RAM for Windows Vista & Windows 7 (64 bit)
- 80MB of hard disk space (200MB recommended)

Windows is a registered trademark of Microsoft Corporation in the United States and other countries.

NOTE: When installing, the user must have Administrative access rights during the installation. The users access rights can be changed after the installation is complete.

DataView[®] must be reinstalled for each user in a multi-user system.

1. Insert the DataView[®] CD into your CD-ROM drive.

If auto-run is enabled, the Setup program will start automatically. If auto-run is not enabled, select Run from the Start menu and type in **D:\SETUP** (if your CD-ROM drive is drive D. If this is not the case, substitute the appropriate drive letter).



If installing onto a Vista based computer the **User Account Control** dialog box will be displayed. Select the **Allow** option to proceed.

2. A Set-up window, similar to the one below, will appear.

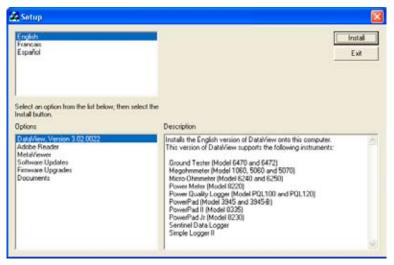


Figure 6-1

There are several different options to choose from. Some $options^{(\star)}$ require an internet connection.

- DataView, Version x.xx.xxxx Installs DataView® onto the PC.
- *Adobe Reader Links to the Adobe[®] website to download the most recent version of Adobe[®] Reader to the computer. Adobe[®] Reader is required for viewing PDF documents supplied with DataView[®] that are accessible from the Help menu.
- MetaViewer The MetaViewer utility program allows a user to view and print .dmf or .emf files generated by DataView[®] without having DataView[®] software installed.
- *Software Updates Links to the AEMC[®] Software Update website to check for new software version releases.
- ***Firmware Upgrades** Links to the AEMC[®] Firmware Upgrade website to check for new firmware version releases.
- Documents Shows a list of instrument related documents that you can view. Adobe[®] Reader is required for viewing PDF documents supplied with DataView[®].
- **3.** DataView, Version x.xx.xxxx option should be selected by default. Select the desired language and then click on Install.
- 4. The Installation Wizard window will appear. Click Next.
- 5. To proceed, accept the terms of the license agreement and click Next.

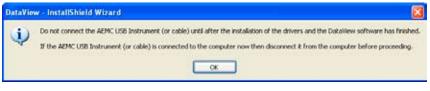
- 6. In the Customer Information window, enter a Name and Company, then click Next.
- 7. In the Setup Type window that appears, select the "Complete" radio button option, then click Next.
- 8. In the **Select Features** window that appears, select the instrument's control panel that you want to install, then click **Next**.



Figure 6-2

The **PDF-XChange** option must be selected to be able to generate PDF reports from within DataView[®].

- 9. In the Ready to Install the Program window, click Install.
- If the feature selected for installation requires the use of a USB port, a warning box will appear, similar to Figure 6-3. Click OK.







The installation of the drivers may take a few moments. Windows may even indicate that it is not responding, however it is running. Please wait for it to finish.

11. When the drivers are finished installing, the **Installation Successful** dialog box will appear. Click **OK**.

- 12. Next, the Installation Wizard Complete window will appear. Click Finish.
- **13.** A **Question** dialog box appears next. Click **Yes** to read the procedure for connecting the instrument to the USB port on the computer.



The Set-up window remains open. You may now select another option to download (e.g. Adobe[®] Reader), or close the window.

- **14. Restart** your computer, then connect the instrument to the USB port on the computer.
- **15.** Once connected, the **Found New Hardware** dialog box will appear. Windows will complete the driver installation process automatically.

Shortcuts for DataView[®] and each instrument control panel selected during the installation process have been added to your desktop.

i

If you connected your instrument to the computer before installing the software and drivers, you may need to use the **Add/Remove Hardware** utility to remove the instrument driver before repeating the process.

6.2 Connecting the Model 8230 to your Computer

The Model 8230 is supplied with an optically isolated USB interface cable required for connecting the instrument to the computer. This cable (Cat. #2135.41) is equipped with a USB type A on one end, and an optical connector on the other end.

To connect the Model 8230 to your computer:

- 1. Connect the optical connector end of the cable to the serial port on the side panel of the Model 8230 (see Figure 2-1, item 8)
- 2. Connect the USB type A end of the cable to an available USB port on your computer.

You are now ready to use the DataView® software with the 8230.

6.3 Opening the Control Panel

To open the Power Analyzer Control Panel:

- Double-click the **PowerPad** Icon that was created during installation, located on the desktop.
- The **Connection** window will appear (see Figure 6-4).

Connection		X
Communications Port	CA USB to Optical Serial Cable	<u>▼</u> <u>0</u> K
Communication Rate	115200 💌	<u>C</u> ancel
		<u>H</u> elp

Figure 6-4

Make sure that the communication port displayed in the dialog box matches the port that the serial cable is plugged into. Once the proper communication parameters have been specified, click **OK**.

NOTE: The communication rate is determined automatically by DataView[®] and the 8230 (maximum rate is 115.2 kbps).

When a communication link is established, DataView[®] will automatically identify the instrument that it is connected to.

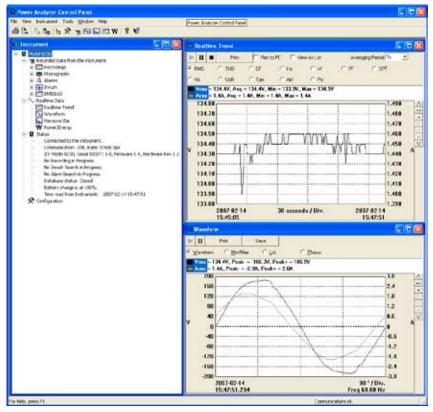


Figure 6-5

A status screen will then appear showing:

- The status of PowerPad® Jr. on the left-hand side
- The communications port and speed of the connection
- The model number, serial number, and firmware revision
- The battery charge level, whether the battery is charging or discharging, and the time read from the instrument's clock
- If a recording is in progress and when it is scheduled to end
- · If a delayed recording is scheduled and when it is scheduled to begin
- Real-time waveforms and trend information from the PowerPad® Jr.

If the indicated items are not shown on the screen, select **Restore Default Layout** from the Window menu.



NOTE: If the battery charge is shown to be unknown, plug the PowerPad[®] Jr. into AC Power, when it reaches 100% charge, the display should again be able to show the battery charge.

6.5.1 General Functions

The buttons described below appear on several DataView® Setup screens.

- **Re-Read from Instrument:** Reads the current configuration of the PowerPad[®] Jr. attached via the serial cable.
- Save to File: Saves the current configuration. This file will reside on the computer's disk drive. Saving different configuration setups can be useful for future functions and tests.
- Load from File: Retrieves a saved file from the computer's disk drive to be used in programming the PowerPad[®] Jr.
- **OK:** Closes the dialog box and brings up the Control Panel.
- **Cancel:** Exits without saving configuration.
- **Apply:** Programs the PowerPad[®] Jr. using the current settings without closing the window.
- Help: Opens the online Help.

6.5.2 Set-up Configuration

The Configure the instrument dialog box (Fig. 6-6) lets you configure every aspect of the Model 8230 PowerPad[®] Jr. Each field is identical to the programmable features available from the instrument's front panel itself.

Several of the functions are configured by typing the appropriate value in the field provided. Others are configured by clicking on the appropriate radio button or lcon, such as, selecting the current probe.

Reactive values calculation With Harmonics Without Harmonics Current Sensor	Nominal Frequency C SCH2 C SCH2 C SCH2	Connection Type
Al133 AlapElex MR193 Probe Al133 MR193 Probe		Set Instrument's Clock.
ADA MN193 Probe (Adapter)		
Output 1 /		atomer Ratio • Voltage Transformer Ratio is used to interpret data from the rument, It is not sent to the instrument
Re-Read from Instrument		Save To File Load From File

Figure 6-6

The Configure the Instrument dialog box consists of the following features:

- **Reactive Values Calculation:** With or without harmonics. Applies to VAR calculation.
- Nominal Frequency: 50 or 60Hz (displays last detected frequency).
- Current Sensors: MN93, MN193, SR193, MR193, AmpFlex[®] A193, MiniFlex[®] or Adapter (used to accept probes with other ratios or a direct 1 Amp or 5 Amp input). Probes displayed are automatically detected by the instrument. (See § 4.1.1 for configuration of the MN193 and Adapter box).
- Connection Type: Single-Phase or 3-Phase balanced.
- Voltage Transformer Ratio: Sets the scale for voltage measurement in cases where measurements are on the secondary side of a transformer and the primary value needs to be displayed. Data is saved on the PC, but not written to the instrument.
- Set Instrument's Clock: Programs the date and time into the instrument.

6.5.3 Instrument Display Configuration

The PowerPad[®] Jr. Instrument Display window allows you to customize the display (colors, clock, date, language and contrast).

Instrument Display Cook Display 24 How Coate Display DD/MM///// Cook Display AM/PM Display Dortrast Display Brightness Display Contrast Coate Cooke Cooke Coate Cooke Cooke Co	etup Instrument Display Alass Conditions Recordings Inrush	Monitoring
Votage Custers Magenta Red Dark Red Dark Red Dark Rown Orange Yelkow Light Green Dark Green Dark Brow Load From File	Clock Display 24 Hour Clock Display AM/PM Date Display MM/DD/YYY Display Brightness: Display Contrast	The second se
	I® Votage C Duttent ■ Red ■ Dark I Dark I Otang	Red Brown
	Eight Dark Cyan Diae	Green Green

Figure 6-7



NOTE: For detailed instructions and descriptions for any feature in a dialog box, click on the **Help Button** (lower right-side of the dialog box), or **right-click on the feature** you want information about.

6.5.4 Alarm Conditions Configuration

The Alarm Conditions window allows you to set up 10 alarm configurations.

lyster	and a second sec		Starting Time 9/12/2008 •	8-27:00 AM-	Ending Time 9/12/2008 •	8 32:00 AM-
1	★ % Schedule		Alam Condition		3/12/2005	0.32.00 AVE
Enabl			Ham Condition	<u>8</u>		
	apture Parameter	< 01>	Threshold		Duration	
	Vitta 💌	> -	121	V	20 x10 ms	-
2	None 💌	10.4				
1	None 💌	10 m				
L	None •	5.4				
5	None -	5 -				
3	None 💌	10 1				
,	None -					
	Noné ¥	য় ব				
• Г	Vine •		127	v	10 x10 ms	-
0 -	Vina 💌	< *	104	V	10 x10 mt	•
					Load Fro	m File
D.	Read from Instrument	1			Save To	- File

Figure 6-8

Hysteresis: This value for alarms is set to prevent multiple recordings of an event that goes above the threshold and a certain percentage below it at times.

Example: If the alarm threshold is 100V or higher, hysteresis is 1%. When the voltage goes up to 100V, the alarm condition starts. When it goes back down to 99V, the alarm condition stops.

Schedule Alarm Search: When this check box is checked, an alarm is ready to be scheduled. Once checked, the End Alarm Search button will appear.

End Alarm Search: This button will stop all alarms in progress.

Capture Parameter: The alarm will be triggered based on the value of the selected parameter.

Choices include:

- None: no alarm
- Vrms: voltage root mean squared
- Arms: current root mean squared
- VPST: voltage short term flicker
- Vcf: voltage crest factor
- Acf: current crest factor

- Hz: frequency
- Akf: current K factor
- Vthd: voltage total harmonic distortion
- Athd: current total harmonic distortion
- W: active power

Once a parameter is selected, a threshold window will open allowing you to set the trigger value.

Duration: The alarm will only be recorded if the duration of the parameter meeting the threshold criteria exceeds the duration. The minimum alarm duration can be in minutes or seconds. In the case of Vrms or Arms not using neutral current, can also be in hundredths of a second.

For Vrms and Arms, it can be useful to set a duration of 0 seconds. In that case an event as short as a half cycle can be detected (8 milliseconds at 60Hz). For all other parameters, the minimum duration that can be detected is 1 second.

NOTE: It is possible to check for alarms, records and search for transients at the same time.

6.5.5 Recordings Configuration

The Recording window shows the dialog box used to configure the parameters for a recording session.

Setup Inst	ument Displa	y Alam Co		rdings Insush Mor	grisole	New I	Recording	
	F 1	F2 F			I₹ \$4	chedule Recordin	Construction and Construction	
Data to Rec	ord					Name (up	to 8 chars)	
I₹ Hz	1							
🖓 Vima	Vthd	Vd Vd				Starting Time	Ending Time	
Ama Ama	Athd	Ad Ad	-		1	9/12/2008 +	3/12/2008 ▼	
V W	VAR	VA Tan	V Pat		l î	8.29:00 AM	8:30:00 AM	
Hamonic V. Vh •0	to 50	ord I Odd Har	monics Only	Record % Only	1	Aves	nging Period 1 : _	3
Ah • 0	to 50	C Odd Har	monics Only	Record % Only	1			
2	-	11 hours:05 m	inutes:59 secor			deleted, the maxi es:59 seconds	mum recording time wo	uld
Memory Used	0%					_	Load From File	
Reflead	d hom Instrum	werk					Save To File	
1 Se Tiede				OK		Cancel	Apply He	4p

Figure 6-9

Four different configurations are available. More configurations can be saved by pressing "**Save to File**" and recalled later by pressing "**Load From File**".

- 1. Check the configuration you wish to set up: 1, 2, 3 or 4.
- 2. Check all the parameters you wish to record by clicking on each one.

3. Configure the harmonic values to be recorded, if desired.

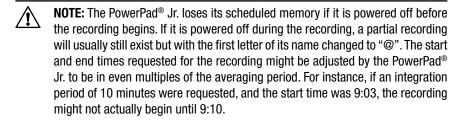
It is also possible to record up to 2 of 3 types of harmonic data, voltage (Vh), current (Ah) and power (VAh).

For each selected harmonic data type, you can choose a range of harmonics to record from the 1st to 50th. You can further limit that range to only include odd numbers by checking the box for "Odd Harmonics Only".

End Recording: Ends any recording in progress or any future recording.

Clear Entries: Clears the data entered in the new recording window. It does not cause any changes to the PowerPad[®] Jr.

Write Changes and Start New Recording: Causes the PowerPad[®] Jr. to schedule a new recording.



If OK or Apply is pressed, the following screen appears:



Figure 6-10

Select Yes to schedule a recording, select No to bring you back to the Configure dialog box without starting a recording.

6.7.6 Inrush Configuration (See § 5.7)

The Inrush window allows you to set up the criteria for capturing a motor inrush.

Configure the instrument	
Setup Instrument Display Alarm Conditions Recordings	Inrush Monitoring
Search	for New Inrush
✓ Schedule Inrush Search	Time to Begin Search
	9/12/2008 8:29 AM
Current Threshold (A) 102	
Hysteresis	
	Load From File
Re-Read from Instrument	Save To File
	OK Cancel Apply Help

Figure 6-11

- 1. Select the date and time to start the search for an inrush.
- 2. Select the start threshold for current RMS. The inrush recording begins when the ARMS threshold is reached.
- Select the hysteresis percentage for ending the inrush capture. The inrush recording ends when the current is below the threshold minus the hysteresis percentage, or when the maximum number of datapoints have been captured.

Write Changes and Start New Inrush Search: Initiates searching for an Inrush when the OK or Apply button is pressed.

6.7.7 Monitoring

The EN50160 standard defines limiting values and permissible variations of the voltage quality for the European Community. It defines which parameters are relevant, and how are they measured. Continuous or random sampling control of the voltage quality provides the supplier of electric energy with a reliable basis when dealing with network problems, and it contributes to quality assurance.

The purpose of the EN50160 standard "Voltage characteristics of electricity supplied by public distribution systems" is to specify the characteristics of the supply voltage with regard to the course of the curve, the voltage level, the frequency and symmetry of the three phase-network at the interconnecting point to the customer. The goal is to determine limiting values for regular operating conditions.

However, facility defects may lead to major disturbances in the electricity distribution supply network. Accordingly, the standard establishes these values as limiting values, which are not allowed to be exceeded on the high or low side during 95% of the controlled period, typically one week.

nfigure the instrument		
Setup Instrument Display Alam Conditions Recordings Transients M	onitoring	
Select a Recording Configuration To Be Replaced	Time of F Starting Time	lecording Ending Time
Select 2 Alam Profiles To Be Replaced.	7/17/2008 -	7/24/2008 -
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10		1:10:00 PM
Nominal Voltage 120V 230V Dither	Max Voltage V	ariation in 100ms
	ient probes are connecte	ed for the test, and the
Make sure that the settings of the Setup screens are correct, that the instrum instrument has AC power. Do not shut off the instrument Write Changes and Start Monitor		ed for the test, and the
instrument has AC power. Do not shut off the instrument	ing Test	
instrument has AC power. Do not shut off the instrument Write Changes and Start Monitor After the test begins, leave the instrument probes and the AC power connect	ing Test	leave the instrument
Instrument has AC power. Do not shut off the instrument Write Changes and Start Monitor After the test begins, leave the instrument probes and the AC power connect connected to the PC during the test.	ing Test	leave the instrument
Instrument has AC power. Do not shut off the instrument Write Changes and Start Monitor After the test begins, leave the instrument probes and the AC power connect connected to the PC during the test. When the instrument is connected to the PC, you can use the Data - Monito	ing Test	leave the instrument

Figure 6-12

Configure and start an EN50160 test of line quality. It is recommended that a brief test of 10 minutes or shorter be done first, to verify the connections and parameters of the test are correct. Only then should the 1-week test be done.

If neither of the voltage profiles are chosen, a field appears to enter the nominal voltage. The frequency is not asked for, since it will be asked for when the test result is downloaded.

Follow the instructions in the dialog box to set up and run this special test. Press the Help button for further instructions.

6.7.8 Running the Test

After configuring the instrument, press **"OK**". The status window will display if a recording is ready to start.



NOTE: Always use the EN50160 data screen when downloading an EN50160 recording, NOT the recording screen.

6.8 Real-time Windows

Once setup is complete, different views of real time data and waveforms can be viewed on-screen.

6.8.1 Waveform, Harmonic Bar and Harmonic Text

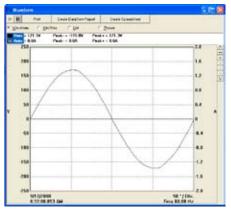


Figure 6-13a

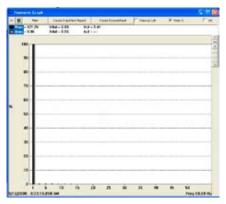


Figure 6-13b

- Harris	and Gra	۴.									F 151
F 11	. In		1044	-little	fapel.		- Spreakfuer	P Stee	milité	2 Vent	E.M.
	171.7v 6.64		White Affect =		*11 Aut	-1.41					
Anteria	¥	Ψ.									
	6.7%	10'	80.	F							
3	164.03	ŧr.	14145								
<i>₹</i>	4.3%		815	***							
*	LIT.	47	0.01	7							
4	1.81	9 70	0.04	+							
2	641	25	- 10.21	1							
*	語	痯.	222	5							
	1.01	*	815	÷							
	6.35.	10	自法	1							
-	100	2	615	*							
11	6.25	41	BOX.								
10	1.01	ñ.	805								
10	6.28	140	815								
14	SPL .	0	908								
20004040	191	8	927	****							
16	6.91	*	928	*							
2	6.51	.00	0.0%	8							
18	481	π.	801	× .							
19	6.65	er.	805								
73	285.	ø.	805	*							
21	6.45.	0	605								
22	8.8%	8	875								
20	100	8	815	2							
12	101		100 H	1							
44127	1.01	a.	975 975	*****							
55	141	2		2							
28	Lini I		0.02	÷.							
74	640	÷.	110								
38	6.82	àr i	405								
21	1.81	÷r.	605	1							
22	8.85	÷.	with:	1							
33	6.875	10	with .								
14	6.00	tf -	with.								
Th	1.01	0	005	*							
n n V	6.8%	10	9.25	144							
N.	S.Pt.	12	828								

Figure 6-13c

In each Real-time window, you can:

- Select the type of data to review.
- Stop the update with the Hold function.
- Print the selected real-time window.
- Save it to disk. There is a choice of either .dvb (database to be viewed in DataView) or .csv (file to view in a spreadsheet program).

6.8.2 Power/Energy

Figure 6-14

The Power/Energy window displays accumulated power and energy data. Accumulated energy data can be started or stopped and the results can be downloaded to a database and viewed on the screen, selected by phase.

6.8.3 Trend

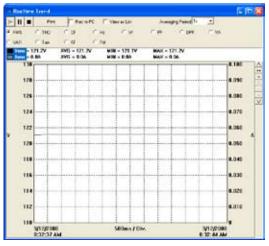


Figure 6-15

This figure shows a real-time trend of data from the PowerPad[®] Jr. The data is an average of waveforms downloaded to the PC. There might be 1 waveform per 2.6 seconds. The data is summarized to 1 datapoint every 10 seconds.

NOTE: More data types are downloaded to a database or spreadsheet than what is shown on the screen.

6.9 Downloading Data to Database

Choose from two ways to download data:

- From the Instrument tree view, expand the sections under "Recorded Data from the instrument", then click on a line that describes the recorded data. It will bring up a window with a graph of the data.
- From the Instrument menu, select "Recorded Data" to download the data recorded in the PowerPad[®] Jr.
 - Select the data you want to Download by clicking on the desired tab (Recordings, Photographs, etc.), then clicking on the file name.
 - Select "Save" (this may take a few minutes).
 - Type a name for the downloaded file. In the Save as type drop-down menu, select either .dvb (saves it as a database to be viewed in Data-View) or .csv (saves it as a comma delimited file to be viewed in a spreadsheet), then click "Save".
 - Alternatively, select "View". After the download is complete, a window will appear with a graph of the data, and some viewing or channel options. In that window, you can select "Save", or "Print".

Ŷ

Following are examples of each tab listed in the display window.

6.9.1 Recordings

Recordings	Photographs	Alams Innu	th ENSOTED	ect to Download or Delete	
Name	Date Stated	Time Started		Time Ended	
A	2006-12-15	1915:00	2006-12-15	191538	
REVERSE V ONLY ODD HARM ODD VA VA ODDO	2007-02-12 2007-02-12 2007-02-12 2007-02-13	1649.00 1741.00 1011.00 1113.00 1155.00	2007-62-12 2007-62-12 2007-62-12	16.50.00 17.42.00 10.12.00 11:14.00	
	Yew		1	View All	Delete

Figure 6-16a

The Recording window displays a list of recordings within the PowerPad[®] Jr. These recordings can be selected and printed or saved to a database.

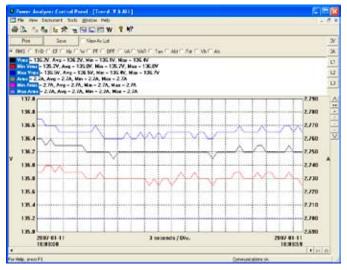


Figure 6-16b

6.9.2 Photographs

B Power Ar	salgeer Control	Panel [Recorded Bata]	060		
	Instrument Too		- # ×		
@ [A]];	加日父	BEEW ? W			
Recordings	Persynthe Ale	ne Inveh ENSOLED Select to Duveload or Delete			
Date Statud	Time Stated				
205/3908	15 10:07				
2006-09406	15:10:17				
2,00,10.06	14.42.10				
	Xee.	Ven Al	Delete		
A	Save	Saw M	EeReafton intraset		
For Holp, press	FE .	Conve	Communications sk.		

Figure 6-17a

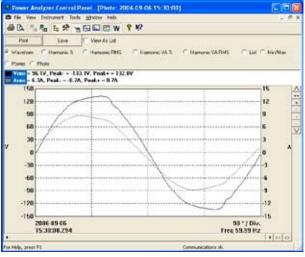


Figure 6-17b

The Photographs window displays a list of photographs (snapshots) taken on the PowerPad[®] Jr. It shows the date and time when the camera button was pressed.

When "**View**" is selected, it shows the waveforms, power data and a Bitmap image of the PowerPad[®] Jr. screen from the time the camera button was pressed.

NOTE: Snapshots can only be initiated using the camera button on the PowerPad[®] Jr. itself, not by DataView[®].

Ţ

6.9.3 Alarms

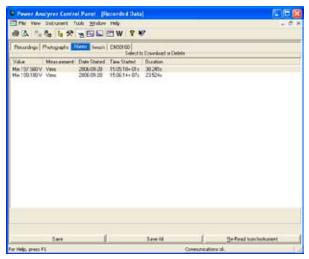


Figure 6-18

The Alarms window displays a list of alarms recorded with the PowerPad® Jr.

Alarms can be selected and downloaded to a database. The downloaded alarms contain no more information than is shown in the screen display.

6.9.4 Inrush

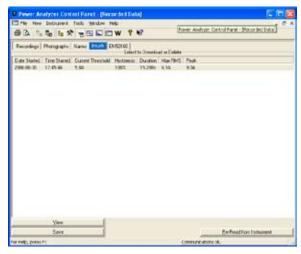


Figure 6-19a

The Inrush window displays an inrush recording stored on the PowerPad[®] Jr. It shows the time it began, its duration, the maximum ARMS and maximum A-Peak. The selected inrush can then be downloaded.

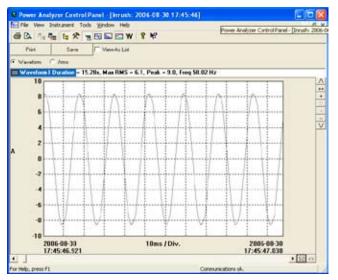


Figure 6-19b

The downloaded result contains many waveforms. Use the controls "><" and "<>" located at the lower right corner of the window, to zoom in or out of the data.

These controls are available in every graph from recorded data.

There is also a checkbox, "View As List", which can be used to show the value of every datapoint.

	Control Panel - [Inrush: 2006-08-30 17:45:46]	
File View Distrue	ent Tools Window Help	- 53
0 A - 4 1	* * B B B W * *	
Piet	Save 🛛 Wew As List	
Waveform ⊂ Am		
Waveform I Dura	- 15.28s, Max RMS - 6.1, Peak - 9.0, Freq 58.02	Hz
Date Time	Waveform I Duration	
2006-08-30 17:45:46 +		
2006-08-30 17:45:46 +		
2006-00-30 17:45:46 •		
2006-08-30 17 45 46 +		
2006-08-30 17.45.46 -		
2006-00-30 17.45.46 +		
2006-08-30 17:45:46 - 2006-08-30 17:45:46 -		
2006-08-30 17:45:46 +		
2006-08-30 17:45:46 -		
2006-06-30 17:45:46 -		
2006-08-30 17.45.46 -		
2006-08-30 17.45.45 +		
2006-08-30 17.45.45 +		
2006-08-30 17.45-46 -		
2006-08-30 17.45.46 +		
2006-08-30 17.45.46 +		
2006-08-30 17.45.46 -	0.634598 8.2	
2006-08-30 17.45.46 +		
2006-08-30 17.45.46 -		
2006-08-30 17.45.45 +		
2006-08-30 17.45.45 +		
2006-08-30 17.45.46 +		
2006-08-30 17.45.46 +		
2006-08-30 17.45.45 +		
2006-08-30 17:45:46 -		
2006-08-30 17.45-46 -	0635198 2.4	
or Help, press F1	Co	munications ok.

Figure 6-19c

The ARMS display shows the ARMS of each half cycle during the inrush.

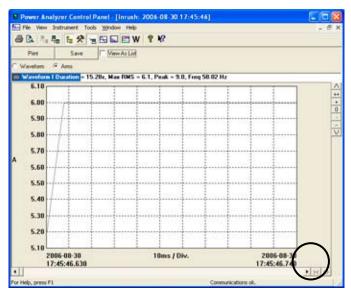


Figure 6-19d

6.9.5 Monitoring

The Monitoring window displays recorded tests that can be downloaded and analyzed.

Present Analyzer	Control Fear	- (Herear der	(Data in Instrument)	51	- 8
The Very Data				-	A.
10 B. 11 4	1. 上学 =	000	M & KS		
Al Recordings	Pterogaphe 44	ens] Torsie	es Harvising		
Name Del Stat (1981)801 (1973)200 (1981)801 (1974)200 (1974)801 (1974)201 (1974)801 (1974)200 (1974)201 (1974)200 (1	0 94336PM 0 51936PM	Else Refet	Transforded 1000/80 AML 1000/80 PM 5 06 K402 PM 5 3000 PM		
	me View Fiegori		Seed Al	jake Deleti	
Caretar Care	1000 10000		an Josephere	store ik.	-

Figure 6-20a

After selecting a recording and clicking "View", the summary window appears showing the results after all the data has been downloaded to a database. It dis-

plays the name, percent of the 10-minute periods that it has been out of range, followed by the range it needed to be within.

Per Control Addres	THE OWNER OF TAXABLE PARTY.	Sateablient			
 Summy C RMS C NonivolVSE 	THE CH2 C	Depton C Pe	C United	C VN	
VoRape	Peovence	and the second sec	Dade legitient	_	
		lumay			
Dame	Paced at FALED	Pacent of the line, within singer	Espected Range Min	MM	
Monitoring Test Tull ID	1.000				
H2	Fat.FD	33.335	59.40	64.50	
Ha .	FALLED	33,225	55.40	52.40	
Venu Phace1	FALLD	223 225	308110	132.00	
Anni Phase2	FALTO	33.535	108.00	132.00	
Anic Phase 3	FALLED	66.67%	109.00	132.00	
Vitid Phone 1	Pacoid	108.0070	6.00	0.03	
Whit Phase2	TALED	06.07%	6.00	3.02	
Whit Phase3	Field, ED	99.331	6.80	8:00	
Vunbilli Ci	FALED	0.001	6.00	2.00	
LongTenFickts Phase1	Pacotd	100.90%	6.00	1.00	
and TerriFictor Phase?	Pacoal	100.00%	£.HD	1.03	
LongTernFicker Phase3	Pacted	100.00%	0.00	1.00	
Wh2 Phase' S-W	Parced	100.00%	6.00	2.03	
Wit Phain?	Parcel	100.003	6.80	200	
Country Selver	Presed	100.00%	0.10	2.00	
Whit Phase?	Pairoid	100.00%	6.10	5.00	
Second Rev Drive	FALED	66.675	0.00	5.03	
Cearl Criv	Fal, ED	33.335	6.80	5.03	
Vhil Phasel	Pacoad	106.003	£.00	1.03	
Stoper 9 Artv	Pacord	100.00%	0.00	1.03	
Avd Phane3	Painted	100.00%	6.80	1.00	
Vhit Phase	Pacoed	100.002	6.60	5.03	
Ad Phen2	FALED	33.335	6.00	5.00	
A-S Phase3	FAULED	89.305	£.80	6.00	
/h6/Phatel	Parced	100.00%	6.80	0.53	
Whit Phase2	Painted	100.00%	6.00	0.53	
Wo Place3	Parcel	105.80%	6.00	0.53	
W7 Plant	Paulot	100.00%	6.00	5.03	

Figure 6-20b

6.9.6 Saving Real-time Measurements

Real-time data received from an instrument can be saved directly into a recording session database. This differs from the process of downloading and saving recorded data in that the measurements are stored on the computer as the instrument measures them. These measurements are not necessarily being stored within the instrument. However, the instrument may be configured to record at the same time real-time measurements are being received from the instrument. In which case, two copies of the measurements will be stored. One copy is stored on the local computer and the other in memory within the instrument.

To Save a Real-time Measurement:

- 1. From the Realtime Trend window, check the "Rec to PC" checkbox.
- 2. In the Save As dialog box that appears, specify the type of file to save in the "Save as Type" field. The choices are .dvb (DataView database), .xls (Excel spreadsheet), or .csv (Comma Separated File). Specify the name of the file by typing it into the File name field, select the desired location to save the file, then click Save to save the file.
- 3. When the "Rec to PC" option is unchecked the file can be opened by selecting **Yes** from the View Saved File dialog box.

To edit the Session Properties, return to the Power Analyzer Control Panel and select **File > Edit Session Properties**.

Iperetors list:	Operator: Company: Address: Company: Co	ZIP:
New Default Deleta	Phone: Fax: e-mail:	

Figure 6-21

The Session Properties dialog box allows you to specify the Operator, Site and Custom parameters that are to be saved with recorded data. These parameters are used when generating reports.

The Operator and Site tabs allow you to maintain lists of operators and sites, saving you time when specifying parameters for reports.

On the left of the Operator and Site tabs is the list of previously defined Operators and Sites. On the right of the Operator and Site tabs is the individual parameters that will be saved in an associated database. Only a single set of operator and site fields are saved in the recording database.

The Custom tab contains a list of user defined parameters. Along side each user defined parameter is a check box. Items that are checked will be added to an associated database. Only a single set of Custom parameters can be maintained (unlike the Operator and Site lists). The Custom tab allows you to specify any user defined parameters (in addition to the comments field of the Site tab) that are to be used in displaying a report.

In addition to the pre-designed report templates, DataView[®] allows you to totally configure reports to your needs. Refer to the DataView[®] HELP file on "Templates" to learn more about templates.

CHAPTER 7

MAINTENANCE

Use only factory specified replacement parts. AEMC[®] will not be held responsible for any accident, incident, or malfunction following a repair done other than by its service center or by an approved repair center.

7.1 Recharging the Battery

The 8230 is powered by six rechargeable NiMH storage batteries (Figure 7-1, item 1) having a capacity of at least 1800 mAh.

The storage batteries are recharged using the external power unit supplied with the instrument. It is connected to the 8230 using the jack. Use only the external power unit supplied with the equipment.

With fully discharged storage batteries, the charging time is approximately four hours. Once the battery is recharged, the instrument uses external power and does not discharge the battery.

Note: when the external power unit is connected, the orange indicator lights.

The number of bars inside the battery icon on the display is proportional to the charge level.

ITEM	FUNCTION
	Battery fully charged.
•	Battery discharged.
	Moving bars: battery charging
Ð~	No battery. The 8230 is supplied by external power unit.

NOTE: The instrument will not recharge if the message "Instrument will soon turn OFF" is displayed on the screen. The Enter button must be pressed or the instrument must be turned OFF before recharging will start.

7.2 Changing the Battery

WARNING:

- When changing the battery, disconnect the instrument from the AC power and any other inputs and turn the equipment off. There must be a delay of at least one minute without the battery being connected.
- Do not expose the battery to heat exceeding 212°F (100°C).
- Do not short-circuit the battery terminals.

To access the batteries, turn the 8230 over and turn the lock one-quarter turn (Figure 7-1, item 2) counter-clockwise using a coin (Figure 7-1, item 3).

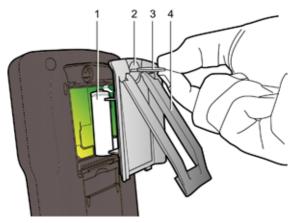


Figure 7-1

7.3 Cleaning

Disconnect the instrument from any source of electricity.

- Use a soft cloth, lightly dampened with soapy water
- Wipe with a damp cloth and then dry with a dry cloth
- · Do not splash water directly on the clamp
- Do not use alcohol, solvents or hydrocarbons

Sensors:

- Clean using a soft cloth lightly dampened with soapy water, then dry rapidly.
- Keep the air gap of the probes (MN, SR and MR) perfectly clean.
- Oil the visible metallic parts lightly to prevent rust.

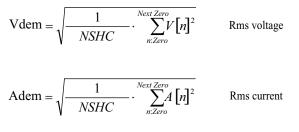
APPENDIX A

MATHEMATICAL FORMULAS FOR VARIOUS PARAMETERS

Network Frequency

The sampling is locked to the network frequency so as to provide 256 samples per period (NECHPER) from 40 Hz to 70Hz. This locking is essential for the calculations of the reactive powers, the calculations of levels and angles, and the calculations giving the harmonic magnitudes.

Half-period Voltage and Current RMS Values



NSHC: number of samples per half cycle (between two consecutive zeros) n: sample (0; 255)

MIN / MAX Values for Voltage and Current

Vmax=max (Vdem), Vmin=min (Vdem)

Amax=max (Adem), Amin=min (Adem)

Short-term Flicker (PST) of the Voltage

Numerical method derived from standard IEC 61000-4-15.

The PST value is refreshed every 10 minutes.

Peak Voltage and Current (Updated on each waveform refresh)

Vpp=max (V[n]), Vpm=min (V[n]), $n \in [0..NSC-1]$ App=max (A[n]), Apm=min (V[n]), $n \in [0..NSC-1]$ NSC: number of samples per cycle

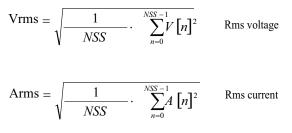
Peak Factors for Current and Voltage

$$\operatorname{Vcf} = \frac{\max (\operatorname{Vpp}, \operatorname{Vpm})}{2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{NSC}} \cdot \sum_{n=0}^{NSC-1} V[n]^2}}$$
 Peak factor voltage

Acf =
$$\frac{\max (App, Apm)}{2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{NSC} \cdot \sum_{n=0}^{NSC-1} A[n]^2}}$$

Peak factor current

1 sec RMS Values for Voltage and Current



NSS: number of samples in a second (multiple of NSC)

Harmonic Calculations

These are done by 1024-point FFT (4 periods) without windowing (cf. IEC 1000-4-7). From the real and imaginary parts, the levels Vharm and Aharm are calculated (with respect to the RMS value of the fundamental) and the angles Vph and Aph are calculated (phase shift with respect to the fundamental).

Vthd =
$$\frac{\sqrt{\sum_{n=2}^{50} Vharm[n]^2}}{Vharm[1]}$$
, Athd = $\frac{\sqrt{\sum_{n=2}^{50} Aharm[n]^2}}{Aharm[1]}$

The voltage harmonic level (Vharm) is multiplied by the current harmonic level (Aharm) to calculate the apparent power harmonic level (VAharm). The power harmonic angles are calculated from the difference between voltage harmonic angles and the current harmonic angles.

Different Power Levels 1 Sec in Single-Phase Connection

Active power $W = \frac{1}{NSS} \sum_{n=0}^{NSS-1} V[n] \cdot A[n]$ Apparent power $VA = Vrms \ Arms$ Reactive power $VAR = \frac{1}{NSS} \sum_{n=0}^{NSS-1} VF[n - NSC/4] \cdot AF[n]$ or $VAR = \sqrt{VA^2 - W^2}$ if computation method is with harmonics

Different Power Levels 1 Sec in Balanced Three-Phase Connection

Total Active power	W = $\frac{-3}{\sqrt{3} \times NSS} \sum_{n=0}^{NSS-1} U[n - NSC/4] \cdot A[n]$
Total Apparent power	$VA = \frac{3}{\sqrt{3}} \cdot U_{RMS} \cdot A_{RMS}$
Total Reactive power	$VAR = \sqrt{VA^2 - W^2}$
	2 NSS-1

or VAR =
$$\frac{3}{\sqrt{3} \times NSS} \sum_{n=0}^{NSS-1} UF[n] \cdot AF[n]$$
 if computation method
is with harmonics

K Factor

$$Akf = \frac{\sum_{n=1}^{n=50} n^2 \cdot Aharm[n]^2}{\sum_{n=1}^{n=50} Aharm[n]^2}$$

Ratios

$PF = \frac{W}{VA}$	phase power factor
$DPF = cos(\phi)$	phase displacement factor
$Tan = tan(\phi)$	phase tangent

$$\cos(\phi) = \frac{\sum_{n=0}^{\text{NSS-1}} VF[n] \cdot AF[n]}{\sqrt{\sum_{n=0}^{\text{NSS-1}} VF[n]^2} \sqrt{\sum_{n=0}^{\text{NSS-1}} AF[n]^2}}$$

Cosine angle between voltage fundamental and phase current

Various Types of Energy

Whc =
$$\sum_{\text{Tint}} \frac{W}{3600}$$
 for W ≥ 0 Active energy consumed

Whg =
$$\sum_{\text{Tint}} \frac{-W}{3600}$$
 for W < 0 Active energy generated

VAhc =
$$\sum_{\text{Tint}} \frac{VA}{3600}$$
 for W ≥ 0 Apparent energy consumed

VAhg =
$$\sum_{\text{Tint}} \frac{VA}{3600}$$
 for W < 0 Apparent energy generated

VARhLc =
$$\sum_{\text{Tint}} \frac{VAR}{3600}$$
 for VAR ≥ 0 and W ≥ 0

VARhLg =
$$\sum_{\text{Tint}} \frac{-VAR}{3600}$$
 for VAR < 0 and W < 0

VARhCc =
$$\sum_{\text{Tint}} \frac{-VAR}{3600}$$
 for VAR < 0 and W ≥ 0

VARhCg =
$$\sum_{\text{Tint}} \frac{VAR}{3600}$$
 for VAR ≥ 0 and W < 0

Capacitive reactive energy generated

Capacitive reactive energy consumed

Inductive reactive energy consumed

Inductive reactive energy generated

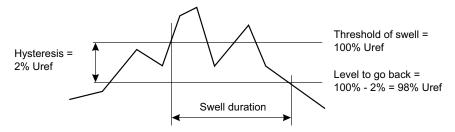
Hysteresis

Hysteresis is a filtering principle, often used after the threshold detection has occurred. A correct setting of hysteresis value will avoid repeated triggering when the measure is varying close to the threshold.

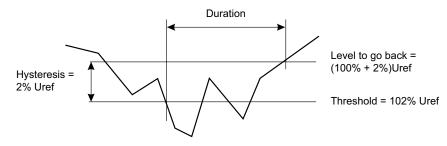
The event detection is activated when the measure is going over the threshold but it can only be deactivated if the measure goes under the threshold minus the value of the hysteresis.

The default hysteresis value is 2% of the reference voltage but it may be set in the range of [1%, 5%] depending of the voltage stability on the system.

Detection of voltage overload



Undervoltage or blackout detection



APPENDIX B

GLOSSARY OF UNITS

Symbol	Definition
~	AC and DC
~	AC
	DC
φ	Phase shift of phase-to-earth voltage with respect to phase-to-earth current
Acf	Peak factor of the current
Ahx	Level of order 'x' harmonic in current
Arms	True RMS current
Athd	Total harmonic distortion
DF	Distortion factor (of the voltage or current)
DPF	Displacement factor (cosine of ϕ)
Hz	Frequency of the network studied
PF	Power factor (ratio of active power to apparent power)
PST	See VPST
RMS	See Arms and Vrms
Tan	Tangente of angle $\boldsymbol{\varphi}$
THD	See Athd and Vtd
VA	Apparent power (total if 3 ϕ)
VAh	Apparent energy (consumed or generated; total if 3 $\boldsymbol{\varphi})$
VAR	Reactive power (total if 3 ϕ)
Vcf	Peak factor of the voltage (phase-to-phase if 3 $\boldsymbol{\varphi})$
Vhx	Level of order 'x' harmonic in voltage (phase-to-phase 3 $\boldsymbol{\varphi})$
VPST	Short-term flicker
Vrms	True RMS voltage (phase-to-phase 3 $\boldsymbol{\varphi})$
Vthd	Total harmonic distortion of the voltage (phase-to-phase 3 $\boldsymbol{\varphi})$
W	Active power (total 3 ϕ)
Wh	Active energy (consumed of generated; total 3 $\boldsymbol{\varphi})$

Repair and Calibration

To ensure that your instrument meets factory specifications, we recommend that it be scheduled back to our factory Service Center at one-year intervals for recalibration, or as required by other standards or internal procedures.

For instrument repair and calibration:

You must contact our Service Center for a Customer Service Authorization Number (CSA#). This will ensure that when your instrument arrives, it will be tracked and processed promptly. Please write the CSA# on the outside of the shipping container. If the instrument is returned for calibration, we need to know if you want a standard calibration, or a calibration traceable to N.I.S.T. (Includes calibration certificate plus recorded calibration data).

 Ship To: Chauvin Arnoux[®], Inc. d.b.a. AEMC[®] Instruments 15 Faraday Drive Dover, NH 03820 USA Phone: (800) 945-2362 (Ext. 360) (603) 749-6434 (Ext. 360)
 Fax: (603) 742-2346 or (603) 749-6309
 E-mail: repair@aemc.com

(Or contact your authorized distributor)

Costs for repair, standard calibration, and calibration traceable to N.I.S.T. are available.

NOTE: You must obtain a CSA# before returning any instrument.

Technical and Sales Assistance

If you are experiencing any technical problems, or require any assistance with the proper operation or application of your instrument, please call, mail, fax or e-mail our technical support team:

> Chauvin Arnoux[®], Inc. d.b.a. AEMC[®] Instruments 200 Foxborough Boulevard Foxborough, MA 02035 USA Phone: (800) 343-1391 (508) 698-2115 Fax: (508) 698-2118 E-mail: techsupport@aemc.com www.aemc.com

NOTE: Do not ship Instruments to our Foxborough, MA address.

Limited Warranty

The PowerPad[®] Jr. Model 8230 is warranted to the owner for a period of one year from the date of original purchase against defects in manufacture. This limited warranty is given by AEMC[®] Instruments, not by the distributor from whom it was purchased. This warranty is void if the unit has been tampered with, abused or if the defect is related to service not performed by AEMC[®] Instruments.

For full and detailed warranty coverage, please read the Warranty Coverage Information, which is attached to the Warranty Registration Card (if enclosed) or is available at www.aemc.com. Please keep the Warranty Coverage Information with your records.

What AEMC[®] Instruments will do:

If a malfunction occurs within the one-year period, you may return the instrument to us for repair, provided we have your warranty registration information on file or a proof of purchase. AEMC[®] Instruments will, at its option, repair or replace the faulty material.

REGISTER ONLINE AT: www.aemc.com

Warranty Repairs

What you must do to return an Instrument for Warranty Repair:

First, request a Customer Service Authorization Number (CSA#) by phone or by fax from our Service Department (see address below), then return the instrument along with the signed CSA Form. Please write the CSA# on the outside of the shipping container. Return the instrument, postage or shipment pre-paid to:

 Ship To: Chauvin Arnoux[®], Inc. d.b.a. AEMC[®] Instruments 15 Faraday Drive • Dover, NH 03820 USA Phone: (800) 945-2362 (Ext. 360) (603) 749-6434 (Ext. 360)
 Fax: (603) 742-2346 or (603) 749-6309
 E-mail: repair@aemc.com

Caution: To protect yourself against in-transit loss, we recommend you insure your returned material.

NOTE: You must obtain a CSA# before returning any instrument.



09/10

99-MAN 100296 v9

Chauvin Arnoux[®], Inc. d.b.a. AEMC[®] Instruments 15 Faraday Drive • Dover, NH 03820 USA • Phone: (603) 749-6434 • Fax: (603) 742-2346 www.aemc.com